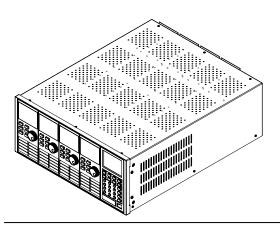


DC Programmable Electronic Loads Series IT8700 User Manual



Model: IT8722/IT8723/IT8731/IT8732/IT8733/ IT8722B/IT8732B/IT8733B/IT8701/IT8702/IT8703

Version: 4.2



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Manual Part Number

IT8700-402216

Revision

Fourth Edition, Jan. 21, 2019 Itech Electronic, Co., Ltd.

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CAUTION

A CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure or practice that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

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A NOTE sign denotes important hint. It calls attention to tips or supplementary information that is essential for users to refer to.



Quality Certification and Assurance

We certify that series IT8700 electronic load meets all the published specifications at time of shipment from the factory.

Warranty

ITECH warrants that the product will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use for a period of one (1) year from the date of delivery (except those described in the Limitation of Warranty below).

For warranty service or repair, the product must be returned to a service center designated by ITECH.

- The product returned to ITECH for warranty service must be shipped PREPAID. And ITECH will pay for return of the product to customer.
- If the product is returned to ITECH for warranty service from overseas, all the freights, duties and other taxes shall be on the account of customer.

Limitation of Warranty

This Warranty will be rendered invalid in case of the following:

- Damage caused by circuit installed by customer or using customer own products or accessories;
- Modified or repaired by customer without authorization;
- Damage caused by circuit installed by customer or not operating our products under designated environment;
- The product model or serial number is altered, deleted, removed or made illegible by customer;
- Damaged as a result of accidents, including but not limited to lightning, moisture, fire, improper use or negligence.

Safety Symbols

===	Direct current	I	ON (power on)
~	Alternating current	0	OFF (power off)
\sim	Both direct and alternating current	Д	Power-on state
	Protective conductor terminal	Д	Power-off state
<u></u>	Earth (ground) terminal	土	Reference terminal
4	Caution, risk of electric shock	+	Positive terminal
	Warning, risk of danger (refer to this manual for specific Warning or Caution information)	_	Negative terminal
777	Frame or chassis terminal	-	-



Safety Precautions

The following safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or specific warnings elsewhere in this manual will constitute a default under safety standards of design, manufacture and intended use of the instrument. ITECH assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these precautions.

WARNING

- Do not use the instrument if it is damaged. Before operation, check the casing to see whether it cracks. Do not operate the instrument in the presence of inflammable gasses, vapors or dusts.
- The electronic load is provided with a three-core power line during delivery and should be connected to a three-core junction box. Before operation, be sure that the instrument is well grounded.
- Make sure to use the power cord supplied by ITECH.
- Check all marks on the instrument before connecting the instrument to power supply.
- Use electric wires of appropriate load. All loading wires should be capable
 of bearing maximum short-circuit current of electronic load without
 overheating. If there are multiple electronic loads, each pair of the power
 cord must be capable of bearing the full-loaded rated short-circuit output
 current
- Ensure the voltage fluctuation of mains supply is less than 10% of the working voltage range in order to reduce risks of fire and electric shock.
- Do not install alternative parts on the instrument or perform any unauthorized modification.
- Do not use the instrument if the detachable cover is removed or loosen.
- To prevent the possibility of accidental injuries, be sure to use the power adapter supplied by the manufacturer only.
- We do not accept responsibility for any direct or indirect financial damage or loss of profit that might occur when using the instrument.
- This instrument is used for industrial purposes, do not apply this product to IT power supply system.
- Never use the instrument with a life-support system or any other equipment subject to safety requirements.

CAUTION

- Failure to use the instrument as directed by the manufacturer may render its protective features void.
- Always clean the casing with a dry cloth. Do not clean the internals.
- Make sure the vent hole is always unblocked.



Environmental Conditions

The instrument is designed for indoor use and an area with low condensation. The table below shows the general environmental requirements for the instrument. The speed of fan will change intelligently by the temperature of radiator. When the temperature is up to 40°C, the fan will be on and adjust intelligently when temperature changes.

Environmental Conditions	Requirements
Operating temperature	0°C to 40°C
Operating humidity	20%-80% (non-condensation)
Storage temperature	-20°C to 70 °C
Altitude	Operating up to 2,000 meters
Pollution degree	Pollution degree 2
Installation category	II



To make accurate measurements, allow the instrument to warm up for 30 min before operation.

Regulatory Markings

y Markings	
CE	The CE mark indicates that the product complies with all the relevant European legal directives. The specific year (if any) affixed refers to the year when the design was approved.
	The instrument complies with the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) marking requirement. This affixed product label indicates that you must not discard the electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.
10)	This symbol indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substances are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use. The expected service life of the product is 10 years. The product can be used safely during the 10-year Environment Friendly Use Period (EFUP). Upon expiration of the EFUP, the product must be immediately recycled.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive



2002/96/EC Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive

This product complies with the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) marking requirement. This affix product label indicates that you must not discard the electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

Product Category



With reference to the equipment classifications described in the Annex I of the WEEE Directive, this instrument is classified as a "Monitoring and Control Instrument".

To return this unwanted instrument, contact your nearest ITECH office.



Compliance Information

Complies with the essential requirements of the following applicable European Directives, and carries the CE marking accordingly:

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU
- Low-Voltage Directive (Safety) 2014/35/EU

Conforms with the following product standards:

IEC 61000-4-11:2004/ EN 61000-4-11:2004

EMC Standard

IEC 61326-1:2012/ EN 61326-1:2013 123
Reference Standards
CISPR 11:2009+A1:2010/ EN 55011:2009+A1:2010 (Group 1, Class A)
IEC 61000-4-2:2008/ EN 61000-4-2:2009
IEC 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2007+A2:2010/ EN 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2008+A2:2010
IEC 61000-4-4:2004+A1:2010/ EN 61000-4-4:2004+A1:2010
IEC 61000-4-5:2005/ EN 61000-4-5:2006
IEC 61000-4-6:2008/ EN 61000-4-6:2009

- 1. The product is intended for use in non-residential/non-domestic environments. Use of the product in residential/domestic environments may cause electromagnetic interference.
- Connection of the instrument to a test object may produce radiations beyond the specified limit.
- Use high-performance shielded interface cable to ensure conformity with the EMC standards listed above.

Safety Standard

IEC 61010-1:2010/ EN 61010-1:2010



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Chapter1 Inspection and Installation

This chapter mainly explains to the customer how to do the inspection after receiving the package, and introduces the installation size and steps for the mainframe and modules.

1.1 Verifying the Shipment

Unpack the box and check the contents before operating the instrument. If wrong items have been delivered, if items are missing, or if there is a defect with the appearance of the items, contact the dealer from which you purchased the instrument immediately.

The package contents include:

Item	Qty	Model	Remarks
Electronic Load	x1	IT8700 series	The IT8700 series include: IT8722/IT8723/IT8731/IT8732/IT8733 /IT8722B/IT8732B/IT8733B/IT8701 /IT8702/IT8703
Power cord	x1	IT-E171/IT-E172/ IT-E173/IT-E174	User may select an appropriate power cord that matches the specifications of power socket used in the area. See the Section Connecting the Power Cord for details.
CD	x1	-	It contains IT8700 electronic load User's Manual, Programming Guide and other user documentations.
USB	x1	-	-
Ex-factory Test Report	x1	-	It is the test report of the instrument before delivery.



NOTE

Upon verification of the shipment, keep the package and relevant contents thereof in a safe place. When returning the instrument for warranty service or repair, the specified packing requirements shall be met.

IT8700 series electronic Load have optional accessory which individual sales: IT-E153 Rack Mount Kit.

1.2 Module installation

Two load modules (IT8731/ IT8732/ IT8722B/ IT8732B/ IT8733/ IT8733B/ IT8722/ IT8723) can be installed into IT8701 mainframe, and four load modules can be installed into IT8702 mainframe. If the modules installed all have double channels, the load will have eight channels at maximum. Load modules can be installed at any sequence into the mainframe. IT8703 extended frame can also contain four load modules. The installation steps of extended frame are the same as single mainframe, which just need screwdriver.

Installation steps:

- Turn off the power switch and disconnect the 110V/220V power cord.
- Take off any packing materials around the mainframe.
- 3. Push the module into the slot(as shown in figure 1-1)



- 4. Fix the module with a screwdriver, the position of the screw is in the upside and backside of the machine frame.
- 5. Install other modules one by one

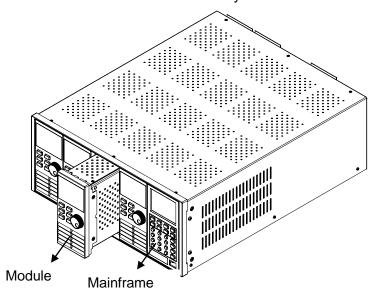


Figure 1-1 module installation



Franklinism will damage the module. Please install the module according to standard electrostatic prevention operation style. Avoid touching the circuit board and connectors.

1.2.1 Channel number

To IT8700, the channel number for all modules is determined by the location of the modules in relation to right side of the mainframe. To IT8702 mainframe, the total channel number is 8. The 1st & 2nd channel are always next to the right mainframe while 7, 8 channels are always next to the left side. Load channel number is fixed even if the location isn't occupied. Load module could have one or two channels. The channel number of single channel model from right to left according to the slot position should be: 1th channel, 3th channel, 5th channel.... For module with dual channels, such as IT8722, the channel number should be: 1th and 2th channels, 3th and 6th channels... The figure below displays the rule of the module channel number. IT8701 mainframe and IT8703 extended mainframe can be understood in the same way.

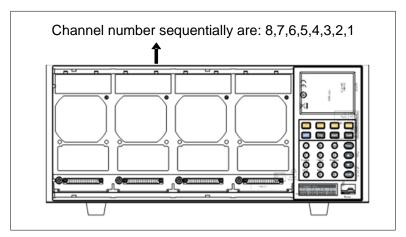


Fig 1-2 channel number distribution

For example: If IT8702 mainframe contains two single channel modules IT8731 and two double channels modules IT8722, channel number is automatically



assigned to every channel at the sequence from right to left: 1,3,5,6,7,8. Now channel number 2,4 aren't occupied. IT8722 is double channels module. (If the installation location of two IT8722 modules is close to the left of the mainframe, the channel number is 5,6,7,8 in sequence.) Modules including single channel modules: IT8731,IT8732,IT8732B,IT8733,IT8733B and double channel modules: IT8722,IT8723,IT8722B can be installed into IT8701, IT8702 mainframe or IT8703 extended frame according to your need.

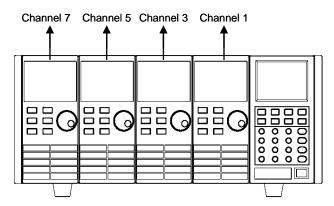


Fig1-3 channel number order while installing 4single-channel unit

1.3 Mainframe installation

The operating temperature of IT8700 series electronic load is 0 to 40°C. A fan cools the electronic load by drawing air through the top and sides and exhausting it out by the rear side. The electronic load must be installed in a location that allows sufficient space at the sides and back of the unit for adequate air circulation. Minimum clearances for bench operation are 3cm on the top. If there are radiator fan in your cabinet, please avoid installing the load near the fan for cabinet fan because it will limit air circulation of load. If you are installing equipment on top of your electronic load in the cabinet, use a filler panel above the unit to ensure adequate for air circulation.

IT8702 and IT8703 can be mounted in a standard 19-inch rack panel cabinet. When it's mounted, there's no need to remove the bottom studs. You can achieve it using IT-E153B (optional).



Do not block the fan exhaust at the rear of the Load. When the load uses on the desk, make sure there enough space on the bottom of the equipment for air circulation.

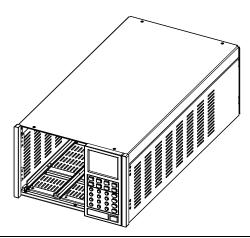
1.3.1 Installation Size Introduction

The instrument should be installed at well-ventilated and rational-sized space. Please select appropriate space for installation based on the electronic load size.

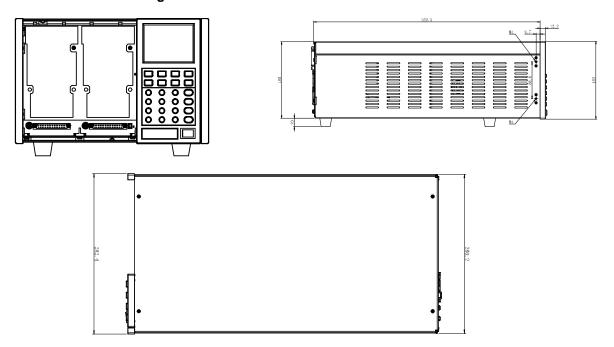


the dimensions of IT8701

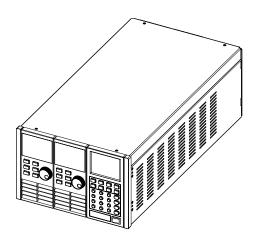
IT8701 Mainframe size



Detailed Dimension Drawing

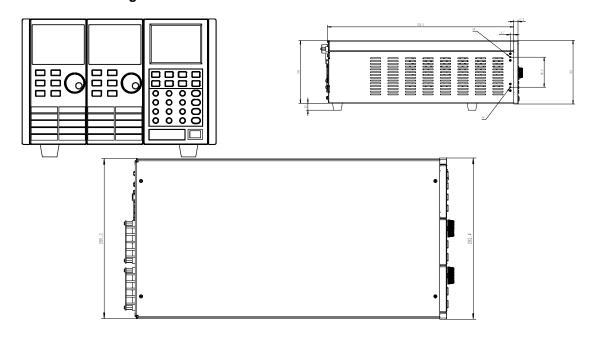


IT8701 Installation figure



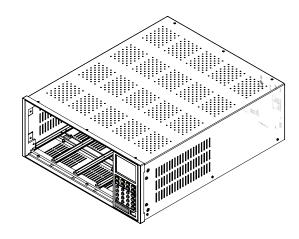


Detailed Dimension Drawing

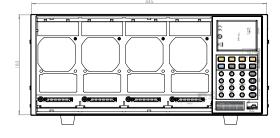


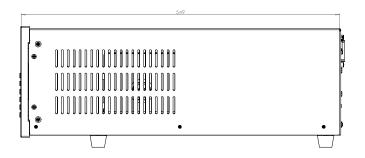
the dimensions of IT8702/IT8703

IT8702 Mainframe size

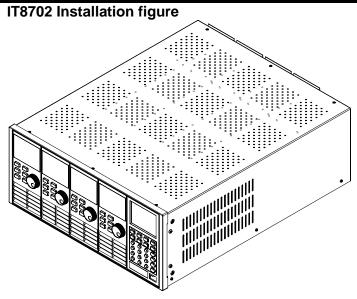


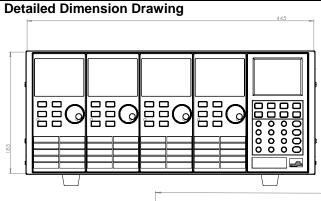
Detailed Dimension Drawing

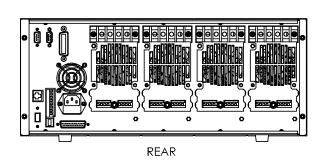


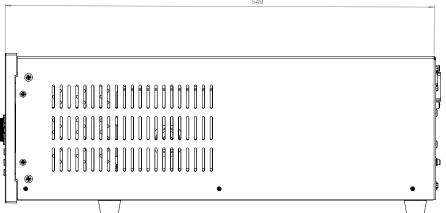




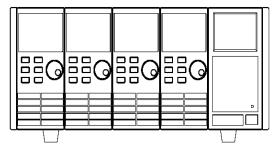


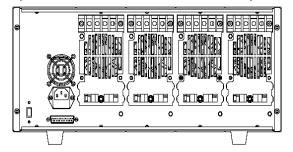






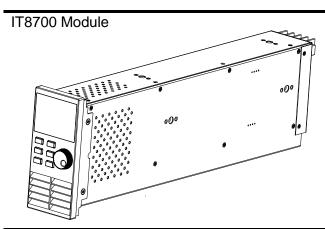
IT8703 Extended mainframe installation figure(dimension is the same as IT8702)



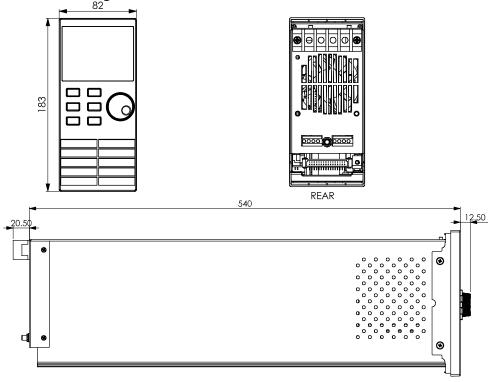


 the dimensions of Module IT8722/IT8723/IT8731/IT8732//IT8722B IT8732B/IT8733B/IT8733





Detailed Dimension Drawing



1.4 Connecting the Power Cord

Connect the power cord after checking that the power switch of the instrument is turned OFF.

AC power input level

IT8700 series electronic load support 110V/220V AC input. Please pay attention to the AC level setup before provide AC power. (The AC line switch is located at the rear of the unit.)

- Option Opt.1: 220V ±10% 50Hz/60Hz
- Option Opt.2: 110V ±10% 50Hz/60Hz

Input voltage selection

The load can work under 110/220V±10%AC input, as the label shown on the rear (refer to figure 1-4). If the default value on the label doesn't match your region's, please switch the black key to choose input line voltage, and then insert power cord. Choose the right linear voltage as following.





There's no need to change fuse when linear voltage changes. The fuse can protect the electronic load at any setting voltage specified.

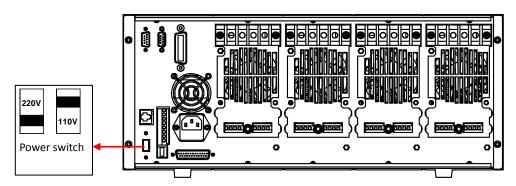


Figure 1-4 power switching keys

Types of power cord

Select from the following schedule of Power Cord Specifications an appropriate power cord that matches the voltage for the area in which you use the instrument. If the power cord included in the instrument you purchased does not match the voltage, contact the dealer or manufacturer for change.

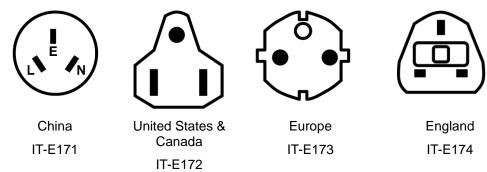


Figure 1-5 types of power cord

(L: Live or Active Conductor(also called "live" or "hot"; N: Neutral or identified conductor; E: Earth or Safety Ground)

Connecting AC Input

Connect standard power cord to the power supply input terminal.

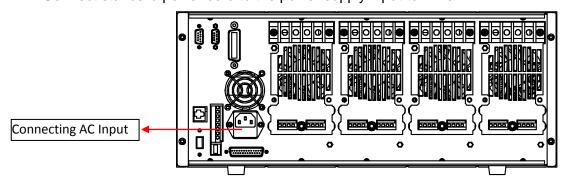


Figure 1-6 Connecting AC Input



Chapter2 Quick Start

This chapter introduces the front panel and the rear panel of the electronic load, make sure that you can quickly know the appearance, instruction and the key function before you operate the load, Help you make better use of this series of electronic load.

2.1 Brief Introduction

IT8700 series DC electronic loads are multi-channel programmable electronic loads which can provide multiple solutions according to the requirements of your design and test. This series have international advanced functions and features. IT8700 series DC electronic loads has four standard communication interfaces: RS232, USB, GPIB and Ether Net.

- Removable modules for easy system configurability
- Dynamic power distribution function for dual channels, save your cost
- Dual-channel module displays every channel information simultaneously
- Measure short-circuit peak current value
- Up to 25KHZ transient mode and 100KHZ list mode
- Measurement resolution: 0.1mV,0.01mA (10uA)
- Measurement speed: up to 50KHZ
- Auto-test function, with automatic judgment whether the test result exceeds the set specification
- Adjustable up/down slope of current
- Support several electronic loads working at the same time
- Support up to 16 channels with mainframe extension
- Output resolution up to 16 bits, voltmeter and ammeter reach 5 1/2 bits
- CC/CV/CR/CW mode
- Highlight VFD display for both mainframe and modules
- Support SCPI communication protocol
- Output terminals on the rear panel
- Simulate the transient response and export measured values in time
- Built-in waveform generator and LIST mode
- Built-in Ether Net/GPIB/USB/RS232 interfaces

Model	Voltage	Current	Power
IT8731	80V	40A	200W
IT8732	80V	60A	400W
IT8732B	500V	20A	300W
IT8733	80V	120A	600W
IT8733B	500V	30A	500W
IT8722	80V	20A	250W
110722	80V	20A	250W
IT8723	80V	45A	300W
110723	80V	45A	300W
IT8722B	500V	15A	250W
110122D	500V	15A	250W



*IT8722, IT8723 and IT8722B are dual channel modules

2.2 Introduction

This user's manual introduces the specifications, installation, operation and programming of IT8700 series DC electronic loads. There're two parts in IT8700 DC electronic loads, mainframe/ extended frame and modules. The frames mentioned are IT8701, IT8702 mainframe and IT8703 extended frame. The modules mentioned are divided into two kinds: single channel module (IT8731, IT8732, IT8732B, IT8733, IT8733B) and double channels module (IT8722, IT8723, IT8722B). Each module should be installed into frame to work. The range of every module's specific voltage, current and power will be introduced in the Chapter 5: specifications in detail.

There are up to 4 channels in IT8701 mainframe. After extended with IT8703 mainframe, it can be up to 12 channels. The dimension of IT8702 is the same with IT8703. The difference is that IT8702 is main control frame while IT8703 is an extended unit. There are up to 8 channels in IT8702 mainframe. After extended with IT8703 mainframe, it can be up to 16 channels. All panel operation and programming are also carried on the IT8701 or IT8702 main panel.

One module could have one or two channels, each module will have its own channel number according to the slot position. In the case of IT8702 mainframe, there are 4 slot locations and each slot location has 2 channels, thus there are 8 channels in total and the channel number ranges from right to left in sequence. if each slot has one channel, then the channel number from right to left should be:1th channel,3th channel,5th channel....For module with dual channels, the channel number should be:1th and 2th channels,3th and 4th channels,5th and 6th channels....IT8703 extended mainframe can be understood in the same way.

The technical parameters of each module such as voltage, current and power are different. (Refer to Chapter5 Specifications for more details). The menu functions of module IT8731, IT8732, IT8732B, IT8733B, IT8733B, IT8722, IT8723 and IT8722B are similar. The main functions are described as follows:

Module IT8731, IT8732, IT8732B, IT8733, IT8733B, IT8722, IT8723, IT8722B

- Working functions: constant current(CC),constant resistance(CR),constant voltage(CV),constant power(CW)
- Enable you to set the rising slope and falling slope of current in dynamic mode, dynamic functions has one mode: CC
- Dynamic mode: up to 25KHZ, list mode: up to 100KHZ
- Voltage measuring resolution:0.1mV, Current measuring resolution 0.01mA(10 uA), measuring speed could reach 50KHZ
- With remote sense function
- Short-circuit function
- Storage capacity:101 sets, used to save customer's setting parameters
- List mode: enable you to edit a list file in CC mode. Number of list steps: 2-84, each step time: 0.000020~3600s. You can save seven list files.
- Auto test function, up to 10 test files or 100 test items



2.3 Front Pannel Introduction

There're two parts in front panel, which are main panel and module panel. Refer to figure 2-1. Main panel and module panel keys' function will be introduced below.

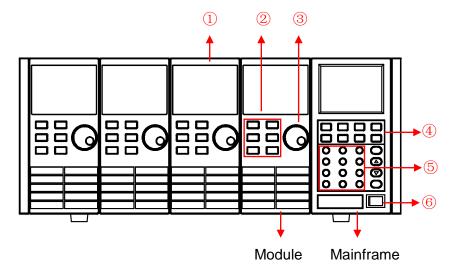


Figure 2-1 IT8700 front panel (take example of IT8702)

- 1. VFD display
- Module keyboard: <A/B>,<Short>,<Tran>,<Mode>,<On/Off> and direction keys.
- 3. Knob, change parameters
- Mainframe function keyboard: control each channel's operating status. Control input status: On/Off. Specific buttons: <Chan>, <Save>, <Recall>, <Setup>, <On/Off>, <Trig>, <Start>, <Pause>, <Enter>, <Shift>, <▲>, <▼>.
- 5. Mainframe compound button((numeric keys) :1.set parameters 2.assembled menu function. detailed buttons:<1>,<2>,<3>,<4> plus function keys to enter the system menu,<5> plus function keys to enter the config menu, <6> plus function keys to enter program menu,<7> plus function keys to select local operation,<8> plus function keys to select lock function, <9>, <0>,<.>, <Esc>.
- 6. Power switch ON/OFF

2.4 Rear panel description

The part introduces the location of terminals and interfaces on the rear panel. Refer to figure 2-2 for more details.

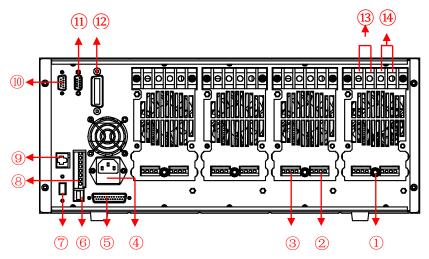


Figure 2-2 IT8700 rear panel (take example of IT8702)



- 1. Current monitoring terminal
- 2. Remote sense and external input control terminal
- 3. Digital I/O and VF output signal terminal
- 4. Power input socket
- 5. Extended module interface
- 6. USB communication cable interface
- 7. Input voltage level switch (110V/220V)
- 8. Trigger input /output and ON/OFF input/output interface
- 9. Network interface
- 10. 9-pin COM port interface connector (RS232 communication cable interface)
- 11. 9-pin COM serial port connector (extended keyboard interface)
- 12. GPIB interface
- 13. Positive input terminal of module (if module is dual-channel, there is one positive terminal and one negative terminal)
- 14. Negative input terminal of module (if module is dual-channel, there is one positive terminal and one negative terminal)

2.5 Power-on Selftest

A successful test process indicates that the instrument meets the factory specifications and can be operated well. Before operation, please confirm that you have fully understood the safety instructions.

WARNING

- To avoid burning out, be sure to confirm that power voltage matches with supply voltage.
- Be sure to connect the main power socket to the power outlet of protective grounding. Do not use terminal board without protective grounding. Before operation, be sure that the power supply is well grounded.
- To avoid burning out, pay attention to marks of positive and negative polarities before wiring.

Selftest steps

The procedures of the self-test are as follows:

- 1. Correctly connect the power cord. Press [Power] key to start up. VFD display software version "BOIS Ver X.XX".
- About 1S later ,system self-check "SYSTEM SELF TEST".
- About 1S later, detect all modules installed. VFD displays the following information.

CH1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 SCAN...

4. About 1S later, display information of channel 1 or the most left channel. Use up and down key to select other channels.

Such as: CH01 CV OFF Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A Wdc= 0.00W

Exception handling

If the electronic load cannot start normally, please check and take measures by reference to steps below.

1. Check whether the power line is correctly connected and confirm whether the electronic load is powered.

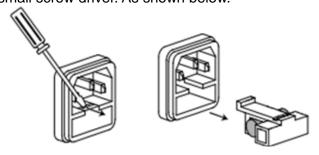


Correct wiring of power line => 2 Incorrect wiring of power line => Re-connect the power line and check whether the exception is removed.

2. Check whether the power in On.[Power] key is under "\" On status. Yes => 3

No => Please check the [**Power**] key to start power and check whether the exception is removed.

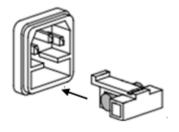
- 3. Check whether set power voltage of electronic load is larger than the power supply voltage. If set power voltage is 220 V and the supply voltage is 110V, the electronic load cannot start.
- 4. Check whether the fuse of electronic fuse is burned out. If yes, change fuse. Detailed steps:
 - 1) Pull out power line and take out the fuse box at power line jack with a small screw driver. As shown below.



2) If the fuse is fused, please change fuse of same specification based on machine model. See the table blow for matching information of fuse and machine model.

Model	Fuse specification (110VAC)	Fuse specification (220VAC)
IT8701	T5A 250V	T3.15A 250V
IT8702	T5A 250V	T3.15A 250V
IT8703	T5A 250V	T3.15A 250V

3) After replacement, install the fuse box back to original position, as shown below.



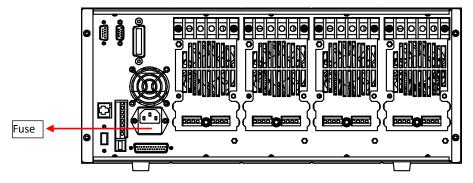


Fig 2-3 fuse location (take example of IT8702)



Chapter3 Panel function introduction

This chapter mainly introduces the functions and operations of front panel keys. It mainly describes the main frame's front panel keyboard operation, single /dual channel module keyboard operation and VFD display.

3.1 Mainframe operation

The front panel keys are effective only in the local mode. When the load is powered on, it works in local mode automatically, and then you can select channel number and set parameters such as voltage, current via the front panel keys. When the load is repowered on, the mainframe will scan all the installed modules once again, and can recall the parameters of the last power off.

3.1.1 Mainframe keyboard functions introduction

The keyboards of IT8701 and IT8702 are the same. Take example of IT8702, the keyboard introduction is as follows.

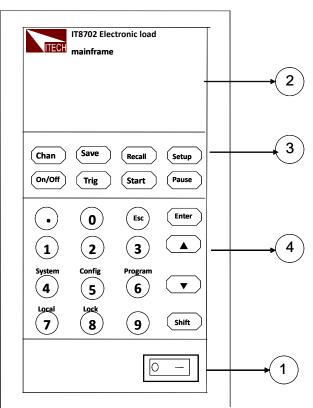


Fig 3-1 IT8702 mainframe front panel

- 1. Power switch: Turn the electronic load on and off. Connect the load with 110/220V voltage correctly. Press the POWER button, all the front panel will light up briefly while all the channels perform the power-on self-test.
- 2. VFD display: press the POWER key, the VFD screen lit, and shows the version number of this instrument's BOIS software, about 1S later, the system begin to self-test, after about 1S, check all the installed modules of the load, and display every channel's number, voltage and current measurements. The operation of setting and editing parameters of each channel referred below are on the mainframe front panel.
- 3. Function keys: The following are the detailed description about the functions and specific operations achievable of all the keys.



- 4) Switch channel via Chan key: IT 8700 is a muti-load, one main frame controls all modules. Every module has its own channel number, select the channel to be edited on the main frame panel first, then start to edit, e.g. if you want to edit the 5th channel, press Chan key first, the VFD will show all the installed channels, press number key 5 directly to switch to 5 channel, now the channel can be edited.
- key is used to save data: After selecting the channel, edit its parameters, set work mode, voltage, current, Slope, the dynamic parameters and so on. Press key to save, up to 101 groups of parameters can be saved. All the parameters are saved in the Non-volatile memory, support power-off saving.
- key is used to recall data: key can be used to fast recall the saved 101goups parameters. All the used parameters only need to be edited and saved for one time and they will be always saved in the EPROM. You just need to recall them if necessary. It brings great convenience to the users, and save time.
- 7) key is used to enter the specific channel's menu: press this key, you can achieve A/B transient mode, CC/CV/CR mode and so on, this menu has been introduced in detail in the menu list.
- 8) **On/Off** key is used to control module's input state on/off: when you enabled the synchronization function in the menu of a channel, the key can correspondly control the on/off state of the channel.
- 9) Key is used to trigger: when you edit the auto test file or the transient output, you should select the triggering source, this load have 5 kinds triggering mode, panel triggering is only one of them. It will be introduced in detail in the front panel triggering operation chapter.
- 10) Start key is used to start automatic test: after recalling the edited automatic test file, press up and down to select start, press key to start automatic test.
- 11) Pause key is used to pause: only press key to pause when running a automatic test, at this time the VFD will display pausing at a step, press key once again to test the file continuously.
- - key, can be used to exit any working state; key means a point; key is used to move up, select the menu; key is used to move down, select the menu; key is used to confirm; Shiff key is a comprehensive key.

3.1.2 Menu list

Different modules of IT8700 series electronic loads have different setting and configuration menu according to different working modes.

Press key to enter menu setting, view the menu in VFD and use and to scroll through the completely menu list as following. Press key to enter the selected menu function, use and to scroll through the VFD screen, press key to enter the under submenu,



press back to the previous menu selection page.

Setting menu

Press Setup key to enter menu setting.

• Setup menu list of IT8732B/IT8733/IT8733B/IT8731/IT8732:

SET UP						
MODE		Select working mode				
	CONST	CURRENT	Loa	ad works in CC mode		
	CONST	VOLTAGE	Loa	ad works in CV mode		
	CONST	RESISTANCE	Loa	ad works in CR mode		
	CONST	POWER	Loa	ad works in CW mode		
CC/CV RAN	NGE	Switch the range				
		HIGH RANGE				
		LOW RANGE				
I/V/R/W	SET	Set the working current/voltage/resistance value				
Vmax/Ama	X	Setup the maximum voltage value/maximum current value				
Vmin/Amin		Setup the minimum voltage value/minimum current value				
Vd=0.000V	1	Set the break-over voltage value(Only for CR-LED mode)				
∫=2.500A/u	S	Set the up slope (only CC mode available)				
∫=2.500A/u	S	Set the down slope(only CC mode available)				
TRAN A=0.	00A	Setup level A value				
Ta=0.00058	3	Setup level A width				
TRAN B=0.	00A	Setup level B value				
Tb=0.0005S S		Setup level B width				
		Setup the transient n				
	CONTINUOUS			ntinuous mode		
	PULSE		Pulse mode			
	TOGGLE		Τος	ggle mode		

• Setup menu list of IT8722/IT8723/IT8722B module:

SET UP						
MODE Select working m		Select working m	ode			
	CONST	CURRENT	Load works in CC mode			
	CONST	T VOLTAGE	Load works in CV mode			
	CONST	RESISTANCE	Load works in CR mode			
	CONST	T POWER	Load works in CW mode			
CC/CV RAN	IGE	Switch the range				
		HIGH RANGE				
		LOW RANGE				
I/V/R/W	SET	Set the working current/voltage/resistance value				
Vmax/Amax	X	Setup the maximum voltage value/maximum current value				
Vmin/Amin		Setup the minimum voltage value/minimum current value				
∫=2.500A/u\$	S	Set the up slope (only CC mode available)				
∫=2.500A/u\$	S	Set the down slope(only CC mode available)				
TRAN A=0.	00A	Setup level A valu	le			
Ta=0.0005S	3	Setup level A width				
TRAN B=0.	00A	Setup level B value	ie			
Tb=0.0005S Setup level B wid		Setup level B wid	th			
T MODE Setup the transie			nt mode			
	CONTINUOUS		Continuous mode			
	PULSE		Pulse mode			
TOGGLE			Toggle mode			



Configuration menu

Press Shift + 5 key to enter the channel configuration menu

• Configure menu list of IT8732B/IT8733/IT8733B/IT8731/IT8732 module:

MENU						10732b/110733/110733b/110731/110732 inloadie.	
SYNC ON SET Setup Synchronization ON / OFF function							
	ON (DEFAULT)			<u> </u>		Turn on synchronization function	
	OFF					Turn off synchronization function	
VON						Tan on Synomenization randion	
		VON PC	DINT			Set the load's von point	
		VON LA	TCH		Von point latch state, ON /OFF		
		EXIT				•	
AVERAGE CO	JNT	Averag					
V AUTORAGE	T	Auto sv		g volta			
		DEFAULT	>			Enable this function	
	OFF		_			Disable this function	
PROTECT	•		d protec	cting fu			
		POWER				Setup hardware power protecting	
	ALIM	IT STATE			_	Setup software current protecting state	
		ON				Put on	
			(DEFA	ULT>		Put off	
		IT POINT				Setup software current protecting value	
		IT DELA				Setup software current protecting delay	
		T POINT				Setup software power protecting value	
		IT DELA				Setup software power protecting delay	
		IMER ST				Setup Load ON timer state	
	EXIT	IMER SE	, <u>I</u>			Setup Load ON timer time	
LIST	•						
	FUNC	TION M	ODE		Se	lect Mode	
			FIXED		Choose fixed operation mode		
			LIST			noose list operation mode	
		ALL LIST	1			call list operation file	
	EDIT	LIST			Ed	it list operation file	
	HI	GH RAN	GE	iΕ		In CC mode ,Edit high range of list	
	LC	W RANG	GE			In CV mode , Edit low range of list	
	EXIT						
CR-LED		mulate ti	ne LED	light to	tes	st LED power drive (in CR mode)	
				· · · · · · · ·		Enable the function (in CR mode, press "setup" to	
	01	V				set Vd level)	
	OF	F				Disable this function	
EXT. CTR 1 SE			Externa	l analo		control function	
	ON					external analog control function	
		/DEEALL	IT\			external analog control function	
REM SENSE SET Remote							
					emote sense function		
<u>.</u>						emote sense function	
					on information		
IT87XX Chann			Chanr	iel	production model		
	VER: X.XX Channel			Chanr	nel	software version	
	SN: Channel			Chanr	nel	production serial number	
EXIT	,,,,,,,						
_/\\\							



• Configure menu list of IT8722/IT8723/IT8722B module:

MENU								
_	ICET	801	un Cumaku-	ni=-'	ion ON / OFF function			
STNCO					ion ON / OFF function			
	· ·	〈DEFAULT〉		Turn on synchronization function				
VON	OFF	F		Tur	n off synchronization function			
VON		VON	DOINT		Oct the Leading comments			
			POINT LATCH		Set the load's von point			
		EXIT	LAICH		Von point latch state, ON /OFF			
AVERAG	_							
COUNT			age count s	•	•			
V AUTOF			switching v					
	ON <de< td=""><td>FAUL</td><td>.T></td><td></td><td>able this function</td></de<>	FAUL	.T>		able this function			
	OFF	ı			able this function			
PROTEC	Т	Load	l protecting	func	tion			
	MAX P	OWEF	SET		up hardware power protecting			
	ALIMIT	STAT	Έ	Set	up software current protecting state			
		ON			Put on			
		OFF	(DEFAULT)		Put off			
	ALIMIT				up software current protecting value			
	ALIMIT				up software current protecting delay			
	PLIMIT	POIN	Т		up software power protecting value			
	PLIMIT	DELA	ΑΥ		up software power protecting delay			
	ON TIM	IER S	TATE		up Load ON timer state			
	ON TIM	IER S	ET		up Load ON timer time			
	EXIT							
LIST								
	FUNCT	ION N	MODE	Select Mode				
	1	FIXE	D	Choose fixed operation mode				
		LIST		Choose list operation mode				
	RECAL		т		all list operation file			
	EDIT L		-		list operation file			
			RANGE	1=3.13	In CC mode , Edit high range of list			
		LOW	RANGE		In CV mode , Edit low range of list			
CR-LED		Simu	late the LFD	liaht	to test LED power drive (in CR mode)			
J					Enable the function (in CR mode, press "setup" to set Vd			
		ON			level)			
		OFF			Disable this function			
EXT. CTF	1 SFT		rnal analog	CON	trol function			
LAI. OIF	ON	LVIG	Ţ					
		.=		Turn on external analog control function				
DEM 05:	OFF (I				off external analog control function			
REM SEN		ı	Remote mea					
ON			le remote sense function					
					ble remote sense function			
ABOUT	ı	Module production information						
	IT87XX Channel production model		nel production model					
	VER: X	.XX		Char	inel software version			
	SN: XX	XXXX	XXXXXX	Channel production serial number				
EXIT								

System menu

Press Shift + 4 key to enter system menu function



MENU				
INITIALIZ	7F			
	INITIAL DEF	AULT SET	Res	sume all configuration to default
POWER		AOLI OLI	NG	sume an configuration to default
	<u> </u>	RST (DEFAULT)		Set the load's input state to be the default state when power on
		SAV0		Set the load's input state to be that of SAVE 0 set when power on
BUZZER	SET	Setup the buzzer	sta	
		ON <default></default>		enable the function
		OFF		disable the function
LOADON	KNOB	Module knob mo		
		OLD		Real-time Update
TRIGGEI	D SOLID	Setup the trigger		No update (when ON/OFF resume the original value)
TRIGGE	X 300K.	MANUAL (DEF)	IIIO	Manual trigger
		· · · · ·		
		EXTERNAL		External signal trigger mode
		HOLD		Trig: IMM available
		BUS		GPIB bus trigger mode
		TIMER		Timer trigger
TRIGGE	R TIMER	Trigger time setti	ng	
		TRIGGER TIMER S	SET	Setup the time of the trigger timer
СОММИ	NICATION			mmunicate with a computer
		RS232 〈DEFAULT		
		USB TMC-USB488		
			•	
		GPIB		
		ETHERNET		
RS232 S				
	BAUDRATE	SET	Set	up the communication baud rate
		4800 〈DEFAULT〉		
		9600		
		19200		
		38400		
		57600		
		115200		
	PARITY SE		Set	up the communication parity
		NONE (DEFAULT		None parity
		ODD	,	Odd
		EVEN		Even
	HANDSHAK		Har	ndshake protocol
		NONE (DEFAULT		
		CTS/RTS	•	
		XON/XOFF		
	EXIT			1
GPIB AD	DRESS	GPIB address se	tting	9
	GPIB ADDR	ESS SET	Set	up communication adress
ETHERNET SET		Ethernet setting		
		GATEWAY SET		Gateway setting
		IP SET		IP setting
		MASK SET		Mask setting
		PORT SET		SOCKET port setting
		EXIT		



EAPAND	MODULE			
		ON		Enable this function
		OFF <default></default>		Disable this function
LANGUAGE SET		Production protocol		
	SCPI (DEFAULT)		SCPI protocol	
	EXTEND TABLE		Expar	nd SCPI protocol, compatible with others
ABOUT Main module pro		duction	on information	
	IT8700		Main frame production model number	
	VER: X.XX		Main frame software version	
	SN: XXXXXXXXXXXXX		Main	frame production serial number
EXIT				

Automatic test menu

Press Shift + 6 key to enter the menu function.

PROGRAM		
RUN PROGRAM	Run the testing flie	
RECALL PROG	Recall the testing file	
EDIT PROGRAM	Edit the testing file	
EXIT		

3.1.3 Channel option

IT8701 and IT8702 can switch the channel. There're 3 ways to switch channel:

- +number key to switch channel.
- Press Chan / key to switch.
- When in SETUP menu, you can directly press the number keys to switch.

3.1.4 Save and recall

First select the channel to be edited at the main frame front panel, after having edited, press key to save, press 1 numeric key to save to the first group in location 1. Press key to recall, and then press key 1 to recall the file saved earlier

3.1.5 Configuration menu introduction

Details on each channel menu function. For example, if you don't want the 3 channel to work with other channels synchronously, you can switch to channel

3.1.6 Module keyboard lock

Press Shift + 8 key to lock the Short Tran Mode On/Off operation keyboard and knobs of the current channel panel, press Shift + 8 key again to unlock.



3.2 Module operation

IT8700 modules have 2 kinds input: one is single input module and the other is dual-input module. There are 6 keys and a knob on the front panel for each module. Below are the detail introduction of module panel keys and functions.

3.2.1 Single channel module panel

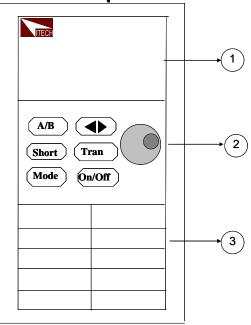


Fig 3-2 single channel module panel

- 1. **Module's panel view:** high-brightness VFD display show module 's working mode.
- 2. Module's panel keyboard:

Button	Description
A/B	Switch A/B transient preset value
Short	Realize short testing, allows the load to simulate a short-circuit at the input
Mode	Switch the work mode
1	Move the cursor position. Press key to move the cursor to the position you want to edit, and then use the rotary knob to adjust value.
Tran	Select the transient mode, press key first to enable transient mode before running A/B transient operation, and then send the triggering signal to run program.
On/Off	Control module's input state: on/off
G	Rotary knob, used to change the setting parameter values

3. Module's air inlet

3.2.2 Dual channel module panel

Dual channel module means a module have two channels. Each channel is isolated with the other. Setting of the module keyboard can control two channels. The left cannel is channel L, the right channel is channel R.



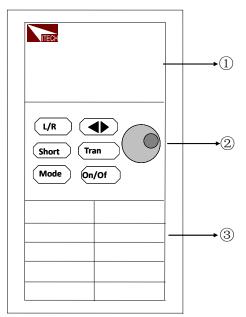


Fig 3-3 dual-channel module front panel

- 1. **Module's panel view:** highlight VFD which display the working state, upper display voltage and current information for channel L; lower displays information for channel R.
- 2. Module's panel keyboard:

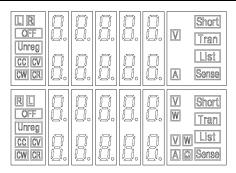
Button	Description
(L/R)	Switch the left/right channels.
Short	Realize short testing, allows the load to simulate a short-circuit at the input
Mode	Switch work mode
4•	Move the cursor position. Press key to move the cursor to the position you want to edit, and then use the rotary knob to adjust value.
(Tran)	Select the transient mode, press key first to enable transient mode before running A/B transient program, and then send trigger signal to run the program
On/Off)	Control module's input state: on/off
0	Rotary knob, used to change the setting parameter values

3. Module's air inlet

3.3 VFD indicator function description

The detailed introduction of VFD's all indicator functions are as bellow:





3-4 load module VFD panel

- L/R is the indicator of dual channel module's left/right channel, if you want to edit left/right channel parameters, first select the cannel, L is the left channel; R is the right channel. Single channel module will always display R.
- 2. OFF indicates that the module input is off, when enable the module input, OFF will turn off.
- 3. CC, CV, CR and CW are module's 4 work modes.
- 4. VFD display screen has 4 lines of number show, the first line shows the current actual voltage value, the second line shows the actual current value, the third line shows the actual circuit's power value, the fourth line shows the setup value, users can set $A/V/\Omega/W$ value.
- 5. Short is lit up, when the module enables short-circuit function.
- 6. TRAN is lit up, when the module enables transient mode.
- 7. LIST is lit up, when select the LIST mode at the configuration.
- 8. SENSE is enabled in remote meter function.

3.4 8-pin control connector

IT8700 electronic load 8-pin connector on rear panel (figure 3-5):

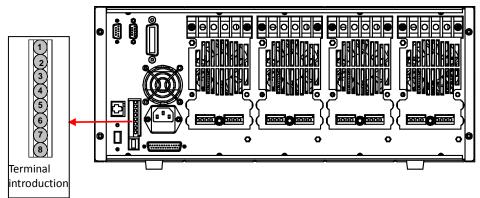


Figure 3-5 IT8700 rear panel 8-pin control connector (take example of IT8702)

1	Trigger IN	trigger signal input
2	Trigger OUT	trigger signal output
3	ON/OFF IN	synchronization ON/OFF control signal input
4	ON/OFF OUT	synchronization ON/OFF signal output
5	NC	-
6	NC	-
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground



3.4.1 External trigger connections

There're five kinds of trigger mode:

- front panel TRIG trigger mode
- rear panel trigger mode
- BUS trigger mode
- Timer trigger mode
- trigger HOLD mode

Front panel TRIG trigger mode

When select front panel trigger mode, first set the trigger source as MANUAL, press Trig to start panel trigger mode.

Rear panel trigger mode

When select rear panel trigger mode, first set the trigger source as EXTERNAL, trigger signal input from the 1st pin of 8-pin terminal on the rear panel.

When select external trigger mode, the 1st and 8th send out trigger signal (low pulse is effective), e.g. refer to the below connection figure:

The figure just show one way to produce trigger signal. When press the button, it produce a trigger to change setting value (voltage, current, resistance, etc.), e.g. switch in transient mode, or create pulse in dynamic pulse mode. At the same time, it can output trigger signal in pin 2.

BUS trigger mode

When select bus trigger mode, first set the trigger source as BUS, connect the electronic load by GPIB or USB or GPIB communication interface, then if get the *TRG command, the load will produce a trigger signal.

Timer trigger mode

When select timer trigger mode, first set the trigger source as TIMER, set the TIGGER TIMER's time, the load will produce a signal from time to time.

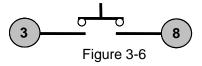
Trigger HOLD mode

When select hold trigger mode, first set trigger source as HOLD, the load will produce signal when get the TREG: IMM command.



Pin 2 will output corresponding trigger signal whatever trigger mode you choose.

3.4.2 External ON/OFF control connection



ON/OFF IN is used to control the multi-channel to take load or unload synchronously. When ON/OFF IN pin receives a low pulse, ON/OFF state of load will reverse. If SYNC ON SET of a specific channel is set ON, then you can use figure 3-6 connection to control its ON/OFF state.

ON/OFF OUT indicates ON/OFF state of multi channels electronic load. If SYNC ON SET of any specific channel is set on, and the channel's input state



is on, the pin 4 output low level, otherwise it output high level

3.5 Extended frame connections

The following section introduces extended function of IT8701 and IT8702 mainframe. Take example of IT8702, the introduction is as follows.

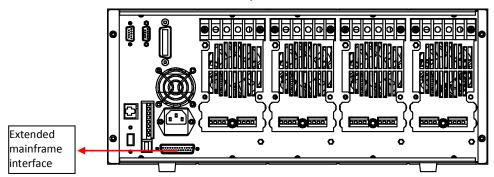


Figure 3-7 Expand interface

This interface can be used to connect extended frame. IT8701 can take up to 12 channels with extended frame and IT8702 can take up to 16 channels with extended frame.

Procedure:

Take example of IT8702, use expanded cable to connect mainframe and expand interface of extended frame. Enable expand function in the menu of

IT8702 mainframe by pressing Shift + 4, select "Expand module", choose ON.

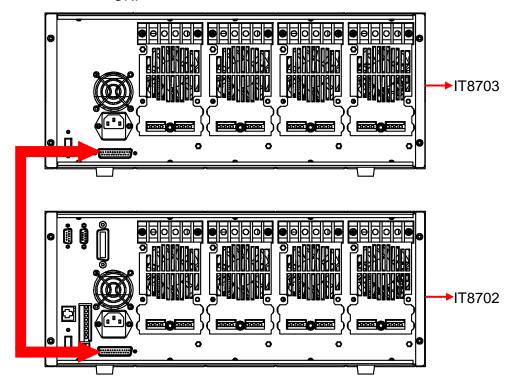


Figure 3-8 Expand connections

3.6 Controlling link

There is an 8-pin connector on every module's rear panel. The following will introduce in detail the 8 pins' specific functions.



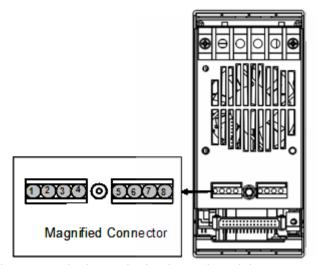


Fig 3-9 terminals on single-channel module rear panel

1	GND	Ground
2	VF	Voltage fault indication terminal
3	DI	Digital input terminal
4	DO	Digital output terminal
0	IOUT	Current monitoring output
5	SENSE +	Voltage remote measuring terminal(+)
6	SENSE -	Voltage remote measuring terminal(-)
7	IN+	External analog controlling terminal(+)
8	IN-	External analog controlling terminal(-)

3.6.1 Voltage failure indication

When the load is under OVP or reverse protection condition, pin 2 VF will output low level signal.

3.6.2 Current monitoring

Current monitoring terminal will output 0-10V analog signal to accordingly on behalf of 0 - full range of input current. You can connect an external voltmeter or an oscilloscope to display the input current's changing.

3.6.3 Digital I/O

Digital I/O is the pin 3 and pin 4 shown in Chapter 3.4, only used in remote control. Pin 4 digital output terminal can output TTL high/low level. It is a universal output terminal and can be used in controlling an external instrument, for example, the relay used in power testing. DI is used to detect the external level state.

3.6.4 Remote measurement connection

Remote Sensing: SENSE (+) and **SENSE (-)** are the remote sensing inputs. By eliminating the effect of the inevitable voltage drop in the load leads, remote sensing provides greater accuracy by allowing the load to regulate directly at the source's output terminals.

When load is at CV CV or CR mode, lead length are relatively long or load regulation is critical, or load consumes high-current, there will be voltage drop



in the leads connected between load and measured object which affect the accuracy of measurement, then the sense connection can be applied. Fig 3-10 illustrates a typical connection between module and device for remote sense operation.

Take single channel module for example, there're two input connectors. One is load input measurement terminal; the other is Vsense measurement terminal. You should enable the remote sense function in the configure menu and then connect the remote sense lines. The front panel of the module shows "sense".



NOTE

The electric potential on the positive terminal of Vsense connector must be higher than negative one.

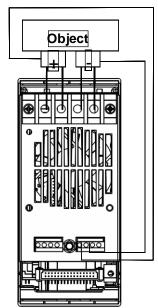


Figure 3-10 Remote sense connection

3.6.5 External analogue control

You can control the voltage and current setting of the electronic load by the analogue terminals: pin 7 and pin 8. 0-10V adjustable analogue simulate the 0-fullscale to regulate the input voltage and current of the electronic load (10V indicate the full range of load voltage or current value)

3.7 Load connection

Before connect object to be measured to load, please remove the cover on the output terminals of the load, and cover it after finishing the connection. Connect the wiring to the positive/negative terminal on the rear panel of the module. Please pay attention to the size, length and polarity when wiring. Please avoid using wires of minimum specification of anti superheating which cannot supply good load regulation. Generally speaking, if the wires are short enough, they can control voltage drop less than 0.5V. In addition, bonding them together can reduce induction and noise. Please lead wire from positive terminal on the rear panel of module to positive terminal of object. Similarly, connect the corresponding negative terminal. Figure 3-11 illustrates a typical connection of the module with the device to be measured.





Figure 3-11 connection of load and object

There're two positive terminals and two negative terminals on the rear panel of every module. Single terminal connection is adequate when the input current is less than 30A.



NOTE

For safety requirements, load wires between the electronic load and the object to be measured should be heavy enough not to overheat while carrying the short-circuit output current. To prevent shock hazard, you must install the terminal cover correctly after wiring. Each terminal can carry up to 30A current, double-terminal connection is needed when the input current if more than 30A. (Double-terminal connection refers to the above picture.)

3.8 Parallel connections

Parallel connection can be applied between same model modules to increase current and power dissipation, but it can't be applied between different modules. Modules can be paralleled in CC/CR mode, but can't be in CV mode. Each module will dissipate the power it has been programmed for. For example, after being paralleled, two single channel modules (80V/40A/300W) can dissipate up to 80V/80A/600W. The following picture 3-12 illustrates the paralleled connection of two same models for increased power dissipation.

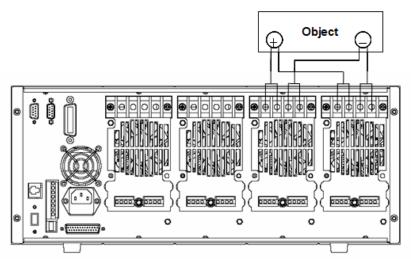


fig 3-12 module parallel connection



Chapter4 Operations introduction

This chapter will mainly introduce IT8700's menu operation function.

4.1 Local/remote operation

The front panel has keyboard controls for setting voltage, current, resistance and power. Local operation means control the electronic load via the keys on the front panel and the menu operation. Remote operation means control the electronic load through computer via the GPIB、RS232、USB or Ethernet interface. You can press Shift + Wey to switch into local control.

4.2 PC control connection

IT8700 series electronic load can achieve remote control via **GPIB** /RS232 /USB /ETHERNET, but only one interface can be used at one time. choose the interface via the system key (SYSTEM). Connect Communication cable before power on. Do not support hot plug, as it may damage communication interface of electronic load. The following picture shows how to connect RS232 cable between electronic load and PC and show the specific configuration.

Procedure:

- 1. Connect RS232 cable.
- 2. Power on the electronic load
- 3. Select channel number via key, such as channel1
- 4. Enter system menu via Shift + 4 key, use to choose communication>, press Enter key to enter, use key to choose RS232, press Enter key to confirm.

RS232 USB TMC-USB488 GPIB ETHERNET

5. Now Display return to main menu, use whey to choose <RS232> menu, press tenter key to enter. First set <Baudrate Set>, use whey to choose and enter; use whey to choose <Parity Set>, use whether the set of t

BAUDRATE SET PARITY SET HANDSHAKE SET EXIT

Note: means to press this key to choose.

4.3 Operating modes

The electronic load can work in the following 4 modes:



Constant current operation mode (CC)

Constant voltage operation mode (CV)

Constant resistance operation mode (CR)

Constant power operation mode (CW)

4.3.1 Constant current (CC) mode

In this mode, the electronic load will sink a current in accordance with the programmed value regardless of the input voltage. See figure 4-1.

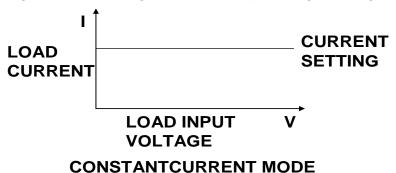


Fig 4-1 CC mode

Ranges

When work in CC mode, you can press show RANGE, you can select either of the two overlapping ranges: <LOW RANGE> or <HIGH RANGE>. Current can be edited in either of the two ranges. Low range will supply higher accuracy and better resolution when you set lower current. If any value you set is outside the maximum value of the LOW RANGE, you should select HIGH RANGE. If the electronic load work in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can use CURR:RANG command to switch current range.

Immediate Current value

Set the current level via front panel or sending command (CURR <n>), if the load is in CC mode, the new setting current level immediately changes the input at a rate determined by the slew rate. If the load is not in CC mode, the setting current level will be saved for use, until switch to CC mode.

Triggered current level

This function only can be used in remote control mode, when the load is in the CC mode, after receive the CURR:TRIG <NRF+> command, subsequent triggers will have no effect on the input unless another triggering signal is sent. CURR command will cover the CURR:TRIG <NRF+> value, this function is used to synchronize Multi-channel input load changes.

Transient current level

Set A/B transient current level on front panel or by remote operation, the load can continuously toggle between the two levels when transient operation is turned on.

Set slew rate

The current slew rate determines the rate at which the input current to a module changes to a new programmed value. You can set current level's rise/fall slew rate on the front panel or by remote operation. The slew rate programmed act in



effect to the immediate, triggered and transient current level changes.

4.3.2 Constant resistance (CR) mode

In this mode, the electronic load was equivalent to a constant resistance, as shown below; the electronic load will linearly change the current according to the input voltage. See figure 4-2.

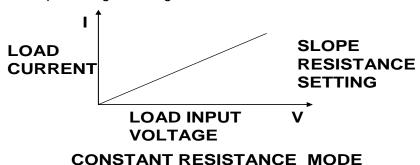


Fig 4-2 CR mode

Ranges

You can select the lower or higher range for CR mode too. When it shows RANGE, you can select either of the two overlapping ranges: <LOW RANGE> or <HIGH RANGE>. Resistance can be edited in either of the two ranges. Low range will supply higher accuracy and better resolution when you set lower resistance. If any value you set is outside the maximum value of the LOW RANGE, you should select HIGH RANGE. If the electronic load work in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can use RES:RANG command to resistance range.

Immediate resistance level

Set the resistance level via front panel or sending command (RES <n>), if the load is in CR mode, the new setting resistance level immediately changes the input at a rate determined by the slew rate. If the load is not in CR mode, the setting resistance level will be saved for use, until switch to CR mode.

Triggered voltage level

This function only can be used in remote control mode, when the load is in the CR mode, after receive the RES:TRIG <NRF+> command, subsequent triggers will have no effect on the input unless another triggering signal is sent. RES command will cover the RES:TRIG <NRF+> value, this function is used to synchronize Multi-channel input load changes.

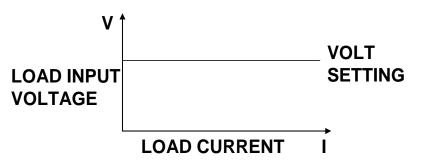
Transient resistance level

Set A/B transient resistance level on front panel or by remote operation, the load can continuously toggle between the two levels when transient operation is turned on.

4.3.3 Constant voltage (CV) mode

In this mode, the electronic load will attempt to sink enough current to control the source voltage to the programmed value. See figure 4-3.





CONSTANT VOLTAGE MODE

Fig 4-3 CV mode

Ranges

You can select the lower or higher range for CV mode too. Voltage can be edited in either of the two ranges. Low range will supply higher accuracy and better resolution when you set lower range. If any value you set is outside the maximum value of the low range, you should select high range. If the electronic load work in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can use VOLT:RANG command to voltage range.

Voltage level

Set the voltage level on front panel or by sending SCPI command (VOLT <n), if the load is in CV mode, the new setting immediately changes the input at a rate determined by the voltage slew rate. If the load is not in CV mode, the set voltage level will be saved in the instrument for use, until switch to CV mode.

Triggered voltage level

This function only can be used in remote control mode, when the load is in the CV mode, after receive the VOLT:TRIG <NRF+> command, subsequent triggers will have no effect on the input unless another triggering signal is sent. VOLT command will cover the VOLT:TRIG <NRF+> value, this function is used to synchronize Multi-channel input load changes.

Transient resistance level

Set A/B transient voltage level on front panel or by remote operation, the load can continuously toggle between the two levels when transient operation is turned on.

4.3.4 Constant power (CW) mode

In CW mode, electronic load will consume a constant power. As shown in fig4-4, when input voltage increase, the input current will decrease, while power will remain the same. P=(V*I).



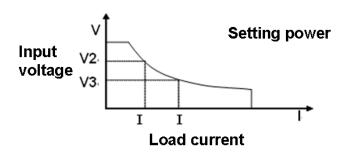


Fig4-4 CW mode

Ranges

You can select the lower or higher range for CW mode too. Power can be edited in either of the two ranges. Low range will supply higher accuracy and better resolution when you set lower power. Any value you set is outside the maximum value of the LOW RANGE, you should select HIGH RANGE.

Immediate power level

You could set the power level via front panel. If the load is in CW mode, the new setting power level immediately changes the input at a rate determined by the slew rate. If the load is not in CW mode, the setting power level will be saved for use until switch to CR mode.

Transient power level

Set A/B transient power level on front panel or by remote operation, the load can continuously toggle between the two levels when transient operation is turned on.

4.3.5 Operations

The following will show you how to set operation mode on front panel. Take CC mode as an example:

- 1. Power on the electronic load
- 2. Press or keys to select the channel to be edited, such as channel 1

CH01 CC OFF Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A Wdc=0.00W

3. Press Setup key to enter the channel setup menu, press enter key to enter the mode selection menu <Mode>, press key to select the mode CC/CV/CR/CW, such as CC, press key to confirm

CH01 Mode=CC RANGE=HIGH Iset=9.000A

4. Press key to enter range selection menu <Range>, press key to enter the mode selection menu <Mode>, press key to select, such as <low range>, press key to confirm.

CH01



Operations introduction >High Range Low Range 5. Press key to enter the current setting < lset>, such as set the current to be 1.25A, press Enter key to confirm. If any error, press Esc to back. CH01 Const Current Set= 1.25A Enter Esc 6. Press key to enter the maximum voltage value setting, press Enter. Press numeric key to set the maximum voltage value. Voltage Upper Limit=82.000V Enter Esc 7. Press key to enter the minimum voltage value setting, press Enter. Press numeric key to set the minimum voltage value. CH01 Voltage Lower Limit=0.000V Enter Esc 8. Press key to enter the rise slope setting, such as set the rise slope to be 1A/uS. Press Enter key to confirm CH01 Rise Speed Set = 1.00A/UsEnter Esc 9. Press key to enter the fall slope setting, such as set the fall slope to be 2A/uS. Press Enter key to confirm **CH01** Fall Speed Set = 2.00A/Us

Enter

Esc

10. Press key to exit

11. Press On/Off to open the load's input

CH1 CC ON Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A Wdc=0.00W

4.4 Transient operation

Transient operation enables the module to periodically switch between two load levels, as might be required for testing power supplies. Transient operation can be turned on and off at the front panel (Tran and Keys), before you turn on the operation, you should set the parameters associated with transient operation (Setup). The parameters include: A level, A width, B level, B width, and transient testing modes.

The transient testing modes have 3 kinds: continuous, pulsed, or toggled.

- Continuous: Generates a respective pulse stream the toggles between two load levels
- Pulse: Generates a load change that returns to its original state after some

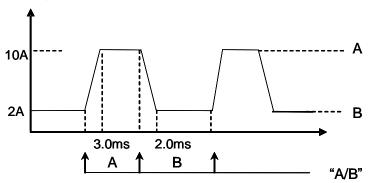


time period

 Toggled: Generates a repetitive pulse stream that toggles between two load levels. Similar to continuous mode except that the transient points are controlled by explicit triggers instead of an internal transient generator.

4.4.1 Continuous

In CC mode, transient testing can be used to check the stability of the source voltage. Transient function has two current levels (A level, B level), which should be in the same range (high range or low range). You can set the A/B level delay time and the rise/fall slew via the main frame keyboard. The slew rate determines the rate which the level changes at. Press key, the load will continuously switch between the A/B levels preset. Transient load are usually used to test the power supply's performance under load continuous changing conditions. Figure 4-6 shows the current waveform of continuous transient operation mode.



Continuous Transient Operation

Fig 4-6 continuous transient operation current waveform

4.4.2 Pulsed

In pulsed mode, you can set A/B value via mainframe keyboard or remote control. A/B rise/fall rate and delay time should be the same. The electronic load will automatically switch to A level, after maintaining A width time, switch to B level, it won't switch to A level until the instrument receive the pulse signal. The following picture shows the current waveform in pulse transient operation.

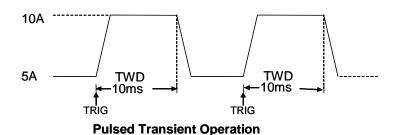
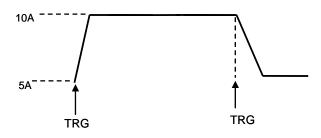


Fig 4-7 pulsed mode current waveform

4.4.3 Toggled

In toggle mode, the electronic load will switch between A level and B level when receiving a triggering signal after the transient operation is enabled. The following picture shows the current waveform in toggle transient operation.





Toggled Transient Operation

Fig 4-8 toggled mode current waveform

4.4.4 A/B transient operations

The following will show you how to set operation mode on front panel. Take CC mode as an example:

- 1. Power on the electronic load
- 2. Press keys to select the channel to be edited, such as channel 1

CH01 CC OFF Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A Wdc=0.00W

3. Press Setup key to enter the channel setup menu, press enter key to enter the mode selection menu <Mode>, press key to select the mode CC/CV/CR/CW, such as CC, press key to confirm

CH01 Mode=CC RANGE=HIGH Iset=9.000A

4. Press key to enter range setting <Range>, press key to enter the mode selection menu <Mode>, press key to select, such as <low range>, press key to confirm.

CH01 High Range Low Range

5. Press key to enter the rise slope
|>, such as set the current to be 1A/uS, press | Enter | key to confirm

CH01 Rise Speed Set = 1.00A/Us

6. Press key to enter the fall slope setting
such as set the rise slope to be 2A/uS. Press the rise key to confirm

CH01 Fall Speed Set = 2.00A/Us

7. Press key to enter A LEVEL setting <TRANa>, such as 10.00A, press Enter key to confirm

Transition A Level = 10.00A



8. Press key to enter A level width setting <Ta>, such as 0.003S, press Enter key to confirm

Tran A Width 0.003S

9. Press key to enter B level setting <TRANb>, such as 2.00A, press key to confirm

Transition B Level = 2.00A

10. Press key to enter B level width setting <Tb>, such as 0.002S, press key to confirm

Tran. B Width= 0.002S

11. Press key to set transient operation mode <Tmode>, such as continuous mode, press Enter key to confirm

CH01 >Continuous Pulse Toggle

12. Press key to exit

13. Press Shift + 4 keys to enter system menu function, press key to select <Trigger source>, such as select <Manual> on the front panel, press Enter key to confirm

Manual External Hold

Bus Timer

14. press (Esc) key to confirm

15. Press on/off to open the load's input

16. Press Tran to enable transient operation

17. Press key to trigger

If in the remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can refer to the following example to edit transient operation(refer to IT8700 programming guide to get more).

CURRent:TRANsient:MODE CONTinous

CURRent:TRANsient:ALEVel 5

CURRent:TRANsient:AWIDth 0.6mS

CURRent:TRANsent:BLEVel 10

CURRent:TRANsient:BWIDth 0.7mS

TRANsient ON

TRIGger:IMMediate

4.5 List operation

List mode lets you generate complex sequences of input changes with rapid, precise timing, which may be synchronized with internal or external signals.



This is useful when running test sequences with a minimum amount of overhead.

Generate complex sequences to complete complex tests by editing LIST: Select different trigger resource, editing the step value, width time and slew rate of every step. The parameters of List operation include the name, number of steps (2-84 for all the modules), single step width time (0.000020s~3600s for all the modules) and every step's set value and slew rate. The list file can be saved in non-volatile memory, used to fast recall. And the modules can edit up to 7 groups list files

In list operation mode, the load begin to enable the list operation once receive the trigger signal, until the list operation is completed or the instrument receive another trigger signal.

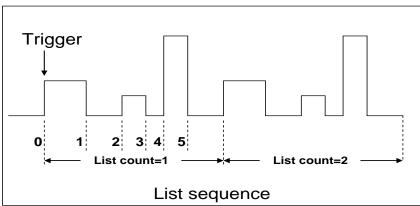


Fig 4-9 List mode current waveform

LIST operation mode

The following will show you how to set operation mode on front panel. Take IT8732 as an example:

- 1. Power on the electronic load
- 2. Press keys to select the channel to be edited, such as channel 1

CH01 CC OFF Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A

Wdc=0.00W

3. Press Shift + 4 (System) keys to enter system menu function, press key to select <Trigger Source>, such as select <Manual>on the front panel, press Enter key to confirm

Manual External

Hold

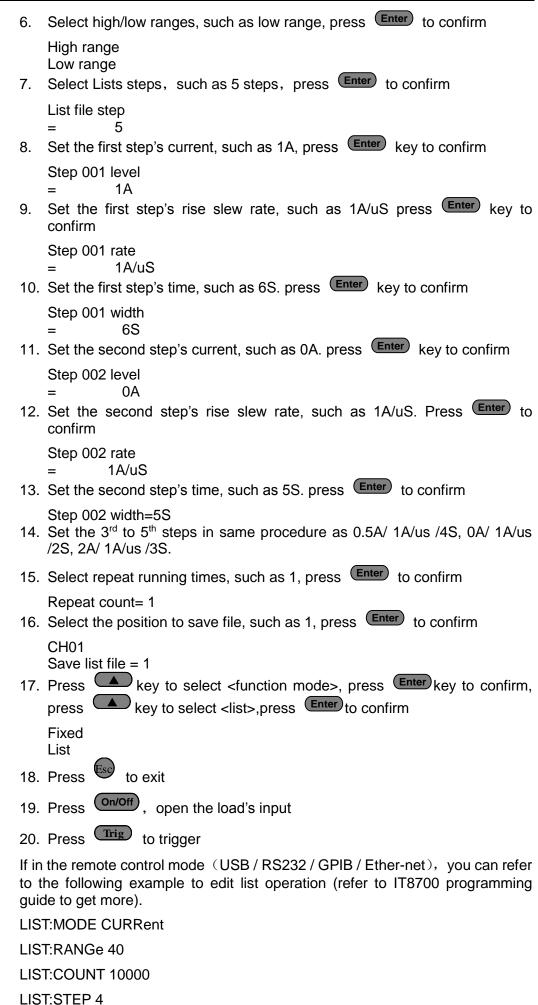
Bus

Timer

- 4. Press On/Off to close the load's input
- 5. Press Shift +5, press key to select key to select key to select List<Edit list>, press key to confirm

Function Mode Recall List Edit List







LIST:LEVEL 1,5

LIST:SLEW 1,2

LIST:WIDTH 1,1

LIST:LEVEL 2,1

LIST:SLEW 2,2

LIST:WIDTH 2,2

FUNCTION: MODE LIST

TRIGger:IMMidiate

4.6 Triggered operation

4.6.1 Trigger function

Trigger operation can be used in the following operations: transient pulse output, triggered output and list output. The electronic load have 5 kinds of trigger modes to Synchronously trigger the tested instrument, before enable the trigger function, users should first select trigger source.

4.6.2 Trigger source

- Keyboard (Trig key) trigger: when the keyboard trigger mode is active, press vill enable a trigger operation.
- External trigger signal(TTL level): the 1st pin of the 8 pins connector on the rear panel of the main frame is trigger input terminal, when external trigger signal is available, input a low pulse(>10uS) to the internal, the load will enable a trigger operation.
- Bus trigger: when bus trigger is available, as soon as the load receive a trigger command (*TRG) from the communication port, the load will enable a trigger operation.
- Timer trigger: when timer trigger is available, the main frame will enable a trigger operation periodically.
- Trigger maintenance: when trigger maintenance is available, only when the load receive the trigger command (TRIG:IMM) from the communication port, the load will enable a trigger operation.

4.7 Short operation

The load can simulate a short circuit at its input. During front panel operation, you can press Short key to switch short on/off states. Short operation won't affect the present setting. When turn off the short state, the load returns to the original set state.

The actual value of the electronic in short operation depends on the mode and range active when the short is turned on. In CC, CR mode, the maximum short current is 120% of the current range. In CV mode, short means setting the load's constant voltage to be 0V.

When in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net) , you can send SCPI command INPut:SHORt ON to enable the short operation

4.8 Input on/off operation

In front panel operation conditions, press on off key to switch to on/off state.



Input on/off operation won't affect the present settings. The load/unload speed of On/off operation is not dependent on the rise/fall slew rate.

When in the remote control mode (USB/RS232/GPIB/Ether-net), you can send SCPI command INPut ON to open input.

4.9 Synchronous load

To any channels, press Shift + Config key to enter configuration menu, set SYNC ON SET to be ON. When turn on this function, On/Off key can control the input state of the correspondent module synchronously.

When in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can send SCPI command INPut:ALL ON to synchronously load all channels.

4.10 Von operation

You can set voltage value Von/Voff to control the input state on/off for electronic load. When the input voltage reaches the Von value, the load's input state is on. When the input voltage reaches the Voff value, the load's input state is off.

This function can protect the power supply when the rise/fall speed of it is very low. For example, when you test a power supply's discharging, you can set the start discharge voltage and the end discharge voltage of the power supply.

IT8700 series electronic loads offer Von loading voltage and Von loading mode.

 When disable Von LATCH, voltage rise and is higher than the Von loading voltage, input of electronic load is turned on. When the power supply's voltage fall and is lower than Von unload value, input is turned off.

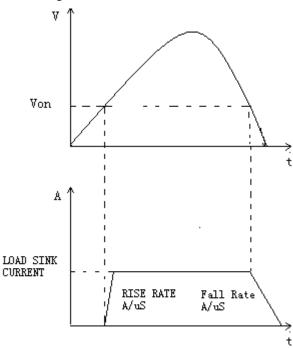


Fig 4-10 VON LATCH load's working range

 When enable Von LATCH, voltage rise and is higher than the Von loading voltage, input of electronic load is turned on. When the power supply's voltage fall and is lower than Von unload value, input won't be turned off.



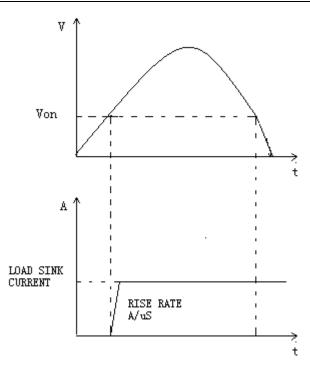


Fig 4-11 VON LATCH load's working range

Von function panel operations

- 1. Power on the electronic load
- 2. Select a channel, such as channel 1

CH01 CC OFF Vdc=0.0000V Adc=0.0000A Wdc=0.00W

3. Press Shift + 5 to enter configuration menu

Sync On Set

Von

Average Count

4. Press to select <Von>, press to enter. First set <Von point>, press key to enter, input the programmed value, such as 1V, press key to confirm

Von point Von Latch Exit

- 5. Press to select <Von Latch>, press to enter, select key to enter, select Latch to enable on/off state, such as On, press to enter, select key to confirm
- 6. Press key to exit
- 7. Open the load's input

When in remote control mode (USB / RS232 / GPIB / Ether-net), you can send SCPI command VOLT:ON <n> to set Von value; send VOLT:LATch ON to enable Von LATCH function.



4.11 Protection functions

Load has the following protection functions: over voltage protection (OVP), over current protection (OCP), over power protection(OPP), over temperature protection(OTP), reverse voltage protection(LRV/RRV).

The mainframe will act appropriately once any of the above protection is active. You can press any button on front panel to restore the protection function. For example, the electronic load come into over temperature protection, the buzzer will alarm, the input will automatically shut down and Main frame VFD will display OTP.

4.11.1 Over voltage protection (OVP)

If the OVP circuit has triggered, buzzer alarm, the main frame screen will displays (OVP), the condition will remain until they are reset.

Operations to clear the OVP state:

Check whether the input voltage is in the load's rated voltage or the programmed protecting voltage ranges. If it is outside of the range, please disconnect the instrument under test. Press any key on the front panel (or send commandPROTection:CLEar), the (OVP) displayed on the front panel will disappear, load exits OVP protection state.

4.11.2 Over current protection (OCP)

The electronic load includes both hardware and software over current protection features.

- Hardware OVP: load's maximum input current will be limited at about 110% of the current range, once the hardware OCP is triggered, the status register's OC bit will be set; when the hardware OCP is removed, the status register's OC bit will be reset. Hardware over current protection won't affect load's on/off state.

Operations to clear the OCP state:

Check whether the input current is within the load's rated current or the programmed protecting current ranges, if it is outside the range, please disconnect the instrument under test. Press any key on the front panel (or send commandPROTection:CLEar), the (OVP) displayed on the front panel will disappear, load exits OCP protection state.

4.11.3 Over power protection (OPP)

The electronic load includes both hardware and software OPP features.

- Hardware OPP: the electronic load allows user to set a power protection limit in hardware which will limit the power in the range you set when the OPP condition occur. Hardware OPP will not change the load ON/OFF state.
- Software OPP: users can set load's software OPP value, steps: Shift+5>Protect>Point set OPP power value, Plimit set alarm delay. If the load power value is OPP delay time, load will automatically turned off, VFD will display OPP. At the same time, the OP and PS bits in the status register



will be set and they will remain until they are reset.

Operations to clear the OPP state:

Check whether the input power is in the rated power range or the programmed protecting ranges. If it is outside the range, please disconnect the instrument under test. Press any key on the front panel (or send commandPROTection:CLEar), the (OPP) displayed on the front panel will disappear, load exits OPP protection state.

4.11.4 Over temperature protection (OTP)

When load's internal circuit temperature is over 85°C, load will enable OTP. Input will automatically turned off, VFD display OTP. At the same time the OT and PS bits in the status register will be set, they will remain until they are reset.

Operations to clear the OTP state:

when load temperature dropped to the protecting point, press any key on the front panel(or send command PROTection:CLEar), the (OTP) displayed on the front panel will disappear, load exits OTP protection state.

4.11.5 Reverse voltage protection (LRV/RRV)

Once in reverse connection condition, input will be immediately turned off, buzzer alarm, status register's (RV/RRV) and (VF) bits will be set, main frame screen displays (LRV/RRV), they will remain until they are reset.

In this condition, the 8 pins connector's VF pin will output a low level, which can disconnect the external DUT.

Operations to clear the reverse voltage state:

Check whether the connection is reversed. If so, disconnect the object to be measured.

4.12 Save and recall operation

The stored setting of all channels can be recalled, the stored parameters includes working mode, voltage/ current value, slew rate, transient setting and so on. It can save up to 101 groups of setting parameters. The 0th group can be used as boot parameters. The 1st to 100th groups can be used as automatic testing parameters. All the parameters are saved in the nonvolatile memory, won't lose even in power down state. You can use SAVE key to save parameters, press RECALL key to fast recall.

Save and recall operations

1. After setting the parameters, press key to save, press number 9, press to confirm

Save Group

0

2. Press key, press 9, to recall the saved data Recall Group

4.13 Automatic test

Automatic test function of IT8700 series electronic load is very powerful, it can simulate various tests. It can edit up to 10 groups of testing files, each file has 10 steps, it can edit up to 100 files which can be saved in EEPROM (address).



Edit testing files

Power on the electronic load

2. Press Shift + 6 key to enter the menu

Run Program Recall Prog Edit Program

Exit

- 3. Press key to move menu to > EDIT PROGRAM to edit testing files
- 4. Press Enter key to enter the next menu.

Take example of IT8702, IT8702 can be max extended to be 16 channels, 0 represent the number of IT8702 main frame, 1 stands for the number of the extended main frame. $\Box 7 \Box 5 \Box 3 \Box 1$ indicate 1/3/5/7 channels have been equipped with loads, next to the main frame is channel 1, the others followed are numbered in order. Press numeric keys to select the channel to be tested, $\Box 7\Box 5\Box 3\Box 1$ changes to $\Box 7\Box Y\Box Y\Box 1$, it stands for 3/5 is selected to be edited. Press **Enter** to confirm.

Active Channel

0: 0000000

1: 07 05 03 0 1

5. Select the steps needed to test, if you want to test 4 steps, please press in order 1/2/3/4, 0 stands for the tenth step. If you want to cancel a step, press again the numeric keys you want to cancel. Press to confirm.

Active SEQ.

098765YYYY

6. In the 4 steps, if you want to suspend, e.g. you want to suspend step 2, press numeric key 2, press to confirm

Pause Sequence

____ 4 3 Y 1

7. Edit the 1st step of the 4 steps: determine whether need short circuit testing in channel 3 and 5, for example, channel 3 need short circuit testing, press number 3. press to confirm

SEQ01 Short CH

0: 0000000

1: 000 50Y 00

8. Set with-load time, if you want to load 2S, press numeric key 2, then press to confirm

SEQ01 On Time

= 2.0 S

9. Set unloading time, if you need 2S, press numeric key 2, then press to confirm

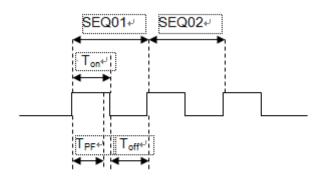
SEQ01 Off Time

= 20 5

10. Set testing delay time, e.g. 1S, press numeric key 1. Tpf is testing delay time.

SEQ01 P/F Delay Time = 1.0 S





Tpf is testing delay time

- 11. Repeat 7) \sim 10), set the rest 3 steps' loading/unloading time
- 12. Set the condition when stop testing, COMPLETE mean stop test When all the steps are completed, FAILURE mean stop test when the testing fails. Press keys to select, such as <complete>, press Enter key to confirm.

Stop Condition > Complete Failure

13. Whether you need to link to the next file to be tested, if you need to link to group 2, press number key 2, 0 stands for not linking to other files. Press key to confirm.

Program Chain

NO: 1

Program 1 Sequence	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Save Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Program 2 Sequence	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Save Group	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
:										
:										
Program 10 Sequence	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Save Group	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

14. Save the edited files in EEPROM, you can save up to 10 groups of files, e.g please press numeric key to save the edited file in group 1, and then press Enter to confirm.

Save Program NO: 1

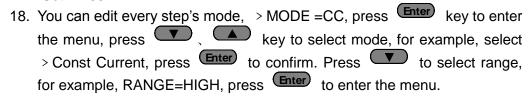
- 15. Press key twice to exit.
- 16. Select the channel you want to edit, then edit every group's every step, we select channel 3 and channel 5 in above, press keys to switch channels, after selecting channel 3.
- 17. Press Setup key

> Mode =CC

Range=HIGH



ISet =1.00 A



> Const Current Const Voltage Const Resis.

19. Press key, move the cursor to > I SET =1.00 A, press enter the menu, set the working current, for example, set 1A, press numeric key , then press to confirm.

Const Current Set = 1.000A

20. Press to move the cursor to VMAX=82.000V, you need to set the high limit of testing voltage, press to enter the menu.

In this example, the first step is 5.8V, press (5), (8) keys, then press (Enter) key to confirm. Voltage Upper

Limit = 5.800V

21. Press key to move the cursor to VMIN=0.000V, you need to set the low limit of testing voltage, press key to enter the menu.

In this example, the first step is 0.15V, press (1), (5) keys, then press (key to confirm. After editing the first step of channel 3, press (key to exit. VOLTAGE LOWER

LIMIT = 0.150V

- 22. Press keys to select channel 5, in order to select the first step of channel 5, repeat 16) ~19) steps, after editing the menu, press key to exit.
- 23. Then save the edited first step of channel 3 and channel 5, press and numeric key 1 to save step 1 in the same way, you can edit the rest 3 steps of channel 3 and channel 5. After saving, press to confirm.

 SAVE GROUP

Recall testing files and Run testing files

The following way can make you fast recall the edited testing files from EEPROM after re-powering.

1. Press Shift + 6 to enter the menu

Run Program Recall Prog Edit Program Exit



- 2. Press to move to <RECALL PROGRAM> to recall the saved testing files.
- 3. Press to move to <Run Program>.
- 4. Press Start key to start automatic testing, if you need to pause, press key, then press key to continue test by one step. press key to continue the test until the test is finished.

4.14 CR-LED Test Function

IT873X, IT8722, IT8723 and IT8722B modules provide CR-LED function, which can simulate the real characteristics of LED light to test LED constant current source. LED light tends to consist of diodes. The break-over voltage of diode and the current ripple of the constant current source make former CR mode which could cause unstable test voltage and current unable to satisfy the test of LED constant current source. The CR-LED function of IT873X, IT8722, IT8723 and IT8722B modules can simulate all characteristics of LED light. You can simulate the break-over voltage value of diode by setting the Vd value to make the test accurate.

Operating steps

- Power on the electronic load.
- 2. Select the channel.
- 3. Press Shift + 5 to enter configuration menu

SYNC ON SET

- 4. Press key to move to CR-LED. Press Enter key to confirm. ON
 - OFF (Default)
- 5. Press key to exit.
- 6. Press key to enter the setup menu.

MODE= CC

7. Press key to enter the mode selection menu <Mode>, press key to select the mode CR, press key to confirm.

Const Current Const Voltage

>Const Resis

8. Press key to move to Rset=7500.0. You need to set the constant resistance.

Const Resis

Set=7500.0

Enter Esc

Enter

9. Press key to move to Vd= 0.000V. Press key to confirm. You need to set the Vd value.

CR-LED Vdorp= 0.000V

Esc

10. Press key to exit



Chapter5 Specifications

5.1 Main technical parametersIT8722 is double channels module which dynamically allocates power and the specification of each channel is the same.

Model			IT8722		
IVIOUEI		0~80V			
	Input voltage Input current		0~80V 0~20A		
Rated value	Input power	250W *1			
(0∼40 ℃)	Min operation	0.451//2.4	1.0V/20A		
	voltage	0.15V/3A	1.0V/20A		
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~3A	0~20A		
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)		
CR mode	Range	0.05Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ		
*2	Resolution		16bit		
-	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *3	0.01%+0.0008\$		
CP mode	Range		250W *4		
*5	Resolution		10mW		
	Accuracy	,	0.2%+0.2%FS)		
Dynamic mode					
	T4 0 T0	CC Mode 20uS~3600S/Res:1uS			
	T1&T2				
Dynamic mode	Accuracy	;	5uS±100ppm		
	Rising/falling slope *6	0.0001~0.2A/uS	0.001~1.6A/uS		
	Min Rising time *7	≒10uS	≒10uS		
	1	Measuring range			
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
Readback voltage	Resolution	0.1 mV	1 mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~3A	0~20A		
Readback current	Resolution	0. 01mA	0.1mA		
	Accuracy	±(0	.05%+0.05%FS)		
	Range	· ·	250W		
Readback power	Resolution		10mW		
•	Accuracy	±(0.2%+0.2%FS)		
		Protection range			
OPP		≒250	W		
OCP	≒3.3A ≒22A				
OVP	≒82V				
ОТР		≒85℃			
	•	Specification			
	Current (CC)	≒3.3/3A	≒22/20A		
Short-circuit	Voltage (CV)		0V		
Short-circuit	Resistance				
	(CR)		≒50mΩ		



Input impedance	300ΚΩ
dimension W*H*D (mm)	82*183*573
weight	5KG

- *1 Dynamically allocate power. The maximum power of single channel is 250W. The total power of both channels is less than or equal to 300W. The average power of each channel is 150W.
- *2 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS (FS= Full Scale)
- *3 The scope of read-back resistance is (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *4 Dynamically allocate power. The maximum power of single channel is 250W. The total power of both channels is less than or equal to 300W.
- *5 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *6 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- *7 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

IT8723 is double channels module which dynamically allocates power and the specification of each channel is the same.

Mo	odel IT8723					
	Input voltage	0~80V				
Rated value	Input current	0~45A				
(0~40 ℃)	Input power	300W				
	Min operation voltage	0.14V at 4.5A	1.4V at 45A			
	Range	0~18V	0~80V			
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV			
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)			
	Range	0~4.5A	0~45A			
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA			
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)			
CD made	Range	0.05Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ			
CR mode	Resolution		16bit			
•	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008\$			
CP mode	Input voltage		800W			
*3	Input current		0mW			
	Input power					
		Dynamic mode				
	T1&T2	CC mode				
		20uS~3600S/Res:1uS				
Dynamic	Accuracy	505+	5uS+100ppm			
mode	Rising/falling slope *4	0.0001~0.25A/uS	0.001~2.5A/uS			
	Min Rising time *5	≒12uS	≒12uS			
		Measuring range				
B	Range	0~18V	0~80V			
Readback voltage	Resolution	0.1 mV	1 mV			
voitage	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)			
	Range	0~4.5A	0~45A			
Readback	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA			
current	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)				
	Range	300W				
Readback	Resolution	1	0mV			
power	Accuracy	±(0.2%+0.2%FS)				
	- 1	Protection range				
OPP		≒310W				
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ОСР		≒5A	≒50A			
OVP		≒82V				
OTP		≒85℃				
	Specification					
	Current (CC)	(CC) ≒5/4.5A ≒50/45A				
Short-circu	Voltage (CV)	Itage (CV) 0V				
it	Resistance $\subset CR$ $\leftrightarrows 30m\Omega$					
dimension	82*183*573mm					
Weight	5KG					

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
 *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

Мо	odel	IT	8731		
	Input voltage	0	~80V		
Rated value	Input current	0~40A			
(0~40 ℃)	Input power	200 W			
,	Min operation voltage	0.12V at 4A	1.2V at 40A		
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~4A	0~40A		
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)		
CR mode	Range	0.05Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ		
*1	Resolution		16bit		
•	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008S		
CP mode	Range		200W		
*3	Resolution	10mW			
	Accuracy ±(0.2%+0.2%FS)				
		Dynamic mode CC mode			
	T1&T2		00S /Res:1u S		
	Accuracy		-100ppm		
Dynamic	Rising/falling	345+100ppiii			
mode	slope	0.0001~0.2A/uS	0.001~2A/uS		
	*4				
	Min Rising time *5	≒15uS	≒15uS		
		Measuring range			
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
Readback	Resolution	0.1 mV	1 mV		
voltage	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~4A	0~40A		
Readback	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
current	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)			
	Range	200W			
Readback	Resolution		0mW		
power					
	<u> </u>	Protection range			



OPP	≒210W				
ОСР		≒4.4A	≒44A		
OVP		≒82V			
OTP		≒85 ℃			
	Specification				
	Current (CC)	≒4.4/4A	≒44/40A		
Short-circuit	Voltage (CV)	/) 0V			
	Resistance (CR)	esistance (CR) ≒30mΩ			
Input impedance	300ΚΩ				
dimension	82*183*573				
weight	5KG				
safety		CE			

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
 *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

Mod	el	ITE	3732		
	Input	0~	80V		
	voltage Input				
Rated value	current	0~	60A		
(0∼40 ℃)	Input power	40	00W		
	Min operation voltage	0.15V at 6A	1.5V at 60A		
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~6A	0~60A		
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)		
CD made	Range	0.05Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ		
CR mode *1	Resolution		6bit		
<u> </u>	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008S		
CP mode	Range	400W			
*3	Resolution		mW		
	Accuracy	Dynamic mode	+0.2%FS)		
		CC mode			
	T1&T2		OS /Res:1u S		
	Accuracy		100ppm		
Dynamic mode	Rising/fallin g slope *4	0.0001~0.25A/uS	0.001~2.5A/uS		
	Min Rising time *5	≒15uS	≒15uS		
		Measuring range			
Doodbook	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
Readback voltage	Resolution	0.1 mV	1 mV		
voitage	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)		
Readback	Range	0~6A	0~60A		
current	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
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Accuracy	±(0.05%	%+0.05%FS)			
Range 400W					
Resolution 10mW					
Accuracy	Accuracy ±(0.2%+0.2%FS)				
	Protection range				
	≒400W				
	≒6.6A	≒66A			
≒82V					
≒85°C					
	Specification				
Current (CC)	≒6.6/6A	≒66/60A			
Voltage (CV)					
Resistance (CR) $= 25m\Omega$					
300ΚΩ					
82*183*573					
5KG					
CE					
	Range Resolution Accuracy Current (CC) Voltage (CV) Resistance (CR)	Range 4 Resolution 1 Accuracy ±(0.2%) Protection range ≒ 400W ≒ 6.6A ≒ 82V ≒ 85 °C Specification Current (CC) ≒ 6.6/6A Voltage (CV) ≒ 6.6/6A Resistance (CR) ≒ 300KΩ 82*183*57 5KG			

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

M	Model IT8733				
	Input voltage	0~80V			
Rated value	Input current	0~120A			
(0~40 ℃)	Input power		600W		
(0 10 0)	Min operation voltage	0.24V at 12A	2.4V at 120A		
	Range	0~18V	0~80V		
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)		
	Range	0~12A	0~120A		
CC mode	Resolution	1mA	10mA		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.1%+0.05%FS)		
CD made	Range	0.2Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ		
CR mode	Resolution	16bit			
•	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008S		
CP mode	Input voltage	600W			
*3	Input current	10mW			
_	Input power	,	.2%+0.2%FS)		
		Dynamic mode			
		CC mode	е		
	T1&T2	20uS~:	3600S /Res:1u S		
	Accuracy	5uS+100ppm			
Dynamic mode	Rising/falling slope *4	0.0001~0.25A/uS	0.001~2.5A/uS		
	Min Rising time *5	≒35uS	≒35uS		
	Measuring range				



	Range	0~18V	0~80V			
Readback voltage	Resolution	0.1 mV	1 mV			
voitage	Accuracy ±(0.025%+0.025%FS)		±(0.025%+0.025%FS)			
	Range	0~12A	0~120A			
Readback current	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA			
Current	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)				
D	Range		600W			
Readback power	Resolution		10mW			
power	Accuracy	±(0.	2%+0.2%FS)			
	Protection range					
OPP	≒ 600W					
OCP		≒13.2A	≒132A			
OVP	≒82V					
OTP	≒85℃					
		Specification				
Ch out aire	Current (CC)	≒13.2/12A	≒132/120A			
Short-circ uit	Voltage (CV) 0V					
	Resistance (CR) $= 15 \text{m}\Omega$					
Input impedance	≒300KΩ					
dimension	82*183*573mm					
weight	5KG					
safety	CE					

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

IT8722B is double channels module which dynamically allocates power and the specification of each channel is the same.

Model		IT8722B			
	Input voltage		0~500V		
Rated value	Input current	0~15A			
(0~40 ℃)	Input power	250W *1			
(* *)	Min operation voltage	0.8V/3A	4.0V/15A		
	Range	0.1~50V	0.1~500V		
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)		
	Range	0~3A	0~15A		
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA		
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)		
CR mode	Range	0.3Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ		
*2	Resolution		16bit		
2	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *3	0.01%+0.0008\$		
CP mode	Range		250W *4		
*5	Resolution		10mW		
	Accuracy	±(0.2%+0.2%FS)			
Dynamic mode					
		CC M	lode		
Dynamic mode	T1&T2	20u	S~3600S/Res:1uS		
	Accuracy		5uS±100ppm		



	Rising/falling slope *6	0.0001~0.1A/uS	0.001~0.5A/uS			
	Min Rising time	≒20uS	≒20uS			
		Measuring range				
	Range	0~50V	0~500V			
Readback voltage	Resolution	1 mV	10 mV			
	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)			
	Range	0~3A	0~15A			
Readback current	Resolution	0. 01mA	0.1mA			
	Accuracy	±(0	.05%+0.05%FS)			
	Range		250W			
Readback power	Resolution	10mW				
	Accuracy	±(0.2%+0.2%FS)				
		Protection range				
OPP		≒260)W			
OCP		≒3.3A ≒16.5A				
OVP		≒530V				
OTP		≒85	${\mathbb C}$			
		Specification				
	Current (CC)	≒3.3/3A	≒16.5/15A			
Short-circuit	Voltage (CV)		0V			
		Resistance ≒260mΩ				
	(CR)	JR)				
Input impedance		≒1MΩ				
dimension W*H*D (mm)		82*183*573				
weight		5K0	9			

^{*1} Dynamically allocate power. The maximum power of single channel is 250W. The total power of both channels is less than or equal to 300W. The average power of each channel is 150W.

- *2 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS (FS= Full Scale)
 *3 The scope of read-back resistance is (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *4 Dynamically allocate power. The maximum power of single channel is 250W. The total power of both channels is less than or equal to 300W.

 *5 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *6 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

Model		IT8732B					
	Input voltage	0~500V					
Rated value	Input current	0~20A					
(0~40 ℃)	Input power		300 W				
(6 10 0)	Min operation voltage	0.72V at 3A	4.8V at 20A				
	Range	0~18V	0~500V				
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV				
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.02%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)				
	Range	0~3A	0~20A				
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA				
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)				
CR mode	Range	0.25Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5ΚΩ				
*1	Resolution		16bit				
•	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008\$				
CP mode	Input voltage		300W				
*3	Input current		10mW				
	Input power	±	-(0.2%+0.2%FS)				
	Dynamic mode						



		CC mo	ode					
	T1&T2	20u\$	S~3600S /Res:1u S					
	Accuracy		5uS+100ppm					
Dynamic mode	Rising/falling slope *4	0.0001~0.1A/uS	0.001~0.8A/uS					
	Min Rising time *5	≒20uS	≒20uS					
		Measuring range						
	Range	0~18V	0~500V					
Readback voltage	Resolution	1 mV	10 mV					
Voltage	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)					
	Range	0~3A	0~20A					
Readback current	Resolution	0.01mA	0.1mA					
Current	Accuracy Range	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)						
D	Range	300W						
Readback power	Resolution	10mW						
power	Accuracy	Accuracy ±(0.2%+0.2%FS)						
		Protection range						
OPP		≒310 ¹	W					
ОСР		≒3.3A	≒22A					
OVP		≒530	V					
ОТР		≒85°0	C					
		Specification						
	Current (CC)	≒3.3/3A	≒22/20A					
Short-circuit	Voltage (CV)		0V					
	Resistance (CR)		≒ 240mΩ					
Input impedance		≒1Ms						
dimension		82*183*57						
weight		5KG	i					
safety		CE						

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

Model		IT8733B						
	Input voltage		0~500V					
Rated value	Input current	0~30A						
(0~40 ℃)	Input power	500 W						
(0 40 0)	Min operation voltage	0.54V/3A	5.4V/30A					
	Range	0~18V	0~500V					
CV mode	Resolution	1mV	10mV					
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)	±(0.05%+0.025%FS)					
	Range	0~3A	0~30A					
CC mode	Resolution	0.1mA	1mA					
	Accuracy	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)	±(0.05%+0.05%FS)					
CR mode	Range	0.2Ω~10Ω	10Ω~7.5KΩ					
*1	Resolution		16bit					
	Accuracy	0.01%+0.08S *2	0.01%+0.0008S					
CP mode	Range		500W					



*3	Resolution 10mW						
	Accuracy	±((0.2%+0.2%FS)				
Dynamic mode							
	CC mode						
	T1&T2		~3600S/Res:1uS				
	Accuracy	5	5uS+100ppm				
Dynamic mode	Rising/falling slope *4	0.0001~0.08A/uS	0.001~0.8A/uS				
	Min Rising time *5	≒25uS	≒25uS				
		Measuring range					
	Range	0~18V	0~500V				
Readback voltage	Resolution	1 mV	10mV				
	Accuracy	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)	±(0.025%+0.025%FS)				
	Range	0~3A	0~30A				
Readback current	Resolution	0.01mA	0.1mA				
	Accuracy	±(0.	A 0.1mA ±(0.05%+0.05%FS) 500W				
	Range	500W					
Readback power	Resolution	solution 10mW					
	Accuracy	±(0.2%+0.2%FS)					
		Protection range					
OPP		≒510	W				
ОСР		≒3.3A	≒33A				
OVP		≒530)V				
ОТР		≒85°	C				
		Specification					
	Current (CC)	≒3.3/3A	≒33/30A				
Short-circuit	Voltage (CV)		0V				
	Resistance (CR)	Resistance (CR) $180m\Omega$					
Input impedance		1ΜΩ					
dimension		82*183*5					
weight		5KG)				
safety		CE					

- *1 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *2 The scope of read-back resistance is:
- (1/(1/R+(1/R)*0.01%+0.08),1/(1/R-(1/R)*0.01%-0.08))
- *3 The voltage/current input is no less than 10% FS
- *4 Ascending/descending slope: 10%-90% current ascending slope from 0 to maximum current
- *5 Minimum rise time: 10%-90% current rise time

5.2 Supplementary characteristics

Storage capacity: 101 sets

Suggested calibration frequency: one time each year

Cooling style: fan

Fans control temperature:

Temperature	35°C	50°C	70°C	85°C
Fans status	The first grade	The second grade	The third grade	ОТР

^{*} The above specifications may be subject to change without prior notice.





Chapter6 Remote operation

There are four kinds of communication interfaces: Ether Net、GPIB、USB、RS232. The user can choose any one of them to communicate with PC.



Figure 7-11T8700 rear panel communication interface (take example of IT8702)

6.1 RS232 interface

RS232 interface: use a cable with two COM interface (DB9) to connect load and PC. It can be activated by <Shift> + <System> key on the front panel. NOTE: There're two COM interface on the rear panel of IT8700: the left 9-pin COM interface is RS232 communication interface; the right 9-pin COM serial port connection (extended keyboard interface). All SCPI commands are available through RS-232 programming. The EIA RS-232 standard defines the interconnections between data terminal equipment (DTE) and data communications equipment (DCE). The electronic load is designed to be a DTE. It can be connected to another DTE such as a PC COM port through a null modem cable



NOTE

The RS-232 settings in your program must match the settings specified in the front panel system menu. Press <Shift> + <System>key if you need to change the settings. You can break data transmissions by sending a ^C or ^X character string to the multimeter. This clears any pending operation and discards any pending output.

RS-232 data format

The RS-232 data is a 10-bit word with one start bit and one stop bit. The number of start and stop bits is not programmable. However, the following parity options are selectable using the front panel<Shift> + <System> key. Parity options are stored in non-volatile memory.

Baud rate

The front panel <Shift> + <System> key allows the user to select one of the following baud rates, which is stored in non-volatile memory: 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200.



RS-232 flow control

The RS-232 interface supports the following flow control options that are selected using the front panel <Shift> + <System>key. For each case, the electronic load will send a maximum of five characters after hold-off is asserted by the controller. The electronic load is capable of receiving up to fifteen additional characters after it asserts hold-off.

- The electronic load asserts its Request to Send (RTS) line to signal hold-off when its input buffer is almost full, and it interprets its Clear to Send (CTS) line as a hold-off signal from the controller.
- When the input queue of the electronic load becomes more than 3/4full, the instrument will send an X-OFF command. The control program should respond to this and stop sending characters until the electronic load issues the X-ON, which it will do once its input buffer has dropped below half-full. The electronic load recognizes X_ON and X_OFF sent from the controller. An X-OFF will cause the electronic load to stop outputting characters until it sees an X-ON.
- NONE there's no flow control.

Flow control options are stored in non-volatile memory.

RS-232 connections

The RS-232 serial port can be connected to the serial port of a controller (i.e., personal computer) using a straight through RS-232 cable terminated with DB-9 connectors. Do not use a null modem cable. The table below shows the pinout for the connector.

If your computer uses a DB-25connector for the RS-232interface, you will need a cable or adapter with a DB-25 connector on one end and a DB-9 connector on the other, wired straight through (not null modem).



RS-232 connector pinout

pin	description
number	
1	no connection
2	TXD, transmit data
3	RXD, receive data
4	no connection
5	GND, signal ground
6	no connection
7	CTS, clear to send
8	RTS, ready to send
9	no connection

RS-232 troubleshooting:

If you are having trouble communicating over the RS-232 interface, check the following:

- The computer and the electronic load must be configured for the same baud rate, parity, number of data bits, and flow control options. Note that the electronic load is configured for 1 start bit and 1stop bit (these values are fixed).
- The correct interface cables or adapters must be used, as described under RS-232 connector. Note that even if the cable has the proper connectors for your system, the internal wiring may be incorrect.
- The interface cable must be connected to the correct serial port on your computer (COM1, COM2.etc.).



Communication setting

Before communication operation, please make sure that the following parameters of electronic load match that of PC.

 Baud rate: 9600(4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200). You can enter system menu through panel to set communication baud rate.

Data bit : 8

Stop bit : 1

• Parity: (none, even, odd)

EVEN: eight data bits with even parity ODD: eight data bits with odd parity NONE: eight data bits without parity

● Local address : (0 ~31, default setting is 0)

Parity=None	Start Bit	8 Data Bits	Stop Bit

6.2 Ether Net interface

Use a network cable to connect PC through Ether-net interface of load. Then press Shift + System on the front panel to enter menu, choose <Ether-net>in <communication> item, then set gateway address<Gateway Set>, IP address <IP Set>,mask address <Mask set>,and port< port set> in Ether-net.

6.3 GPIB interface

Firstly, connect GPIB port of load to GPIB card of PC. Please ensure that the screws have been screwed down in order to have a full connection. And then set address. The address can be set from 0 to 31. Press Shift + System key to enter system menu, press key to find GPIB address set ,then enter the address, and use Inter to confirm. The GPIB address is stored in non-volatile memory.

6.4 USB interface

Use cables with double USB interface to connect load and PC. All electronic load functions are programmable over the USB.

The USB488 interface capabilities of the electronic load are described below:

- The interface is 488.2 USB488 interface
- The interface accepts REN_CONTROL, GO_TO_LOCAL, and LOCAL LOCKOUT requests.
- The interface accepts MsgID = TRIGGER USBTMC command message and forwards TRIGGER requests to the function layer.

The USB488 device capabilities of the electronic load are described below:

- The device understands all mandatory SCPI commands.
- The device is SR1 capable.
- The device is RL1 capable.
- The device is DT1 capable.





When communicating with PC, you can just select one method of all the communication methods above.



Appendix

Specifications of Red and Black Test Lines

ITECH provides you with optional red and black test lines, which individual sales and you can select for test. For specifications of ITECH test lines and maximum current values, refer to the table below.

Model	Specification	Cross Section	Length
IT-E301/10A	10A	-	1m
IT-E301/30A	30A	6mm ²	1.2m
IT-E301/30A	30A	6mm ²	2m
IT-E301/60A	60A	20mm ²	1.5m
IT-E301/120A	120A	50mm ²	2m
IT-E301/240A	240A	70mm ²	1m
IT-E301/240A	240A	70mm ²	2m
IT-E301/360A	360A	95mm ²	2m

For maximum current of AWG copper wire, refer to table blow.

AWG	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28
The	40	25	20	13	10	7	5	3.5	2.5	1.7
Maximum										
Current										
Value(A)										

Note: AWG (American Wire Gage), it means X wire (marked on the wire). The table above lists current capacity of single wire at working temperature of 30°C. For reference only

Contact Us Thanks for purchasing ITECH products. In case of any doubts, please contact us as follows: Refer to accompanying data disk and relevant manual. Visit ITECH website: www.itechate.com. Select the most convenient contact method for further information.